ROBERT PORTER & CO.'S
BULL DOG BOTTLING
OF
BASS'S ALE
AND
GUINNESS' STOUT
CAN BE HAD AT
All Wine Merchants, Bars, Restaurants, and Hotels.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,680—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1902. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE 8 ANNAS.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
The Best and Most Complete Guide in India.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of interest Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY 2 P.M

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1902.
M. L. EGYPT	7,912	J. Chellew	4th Oct.
* ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	11th "
M. L. PENINSULAR	5,294	T. Leigh	18th "
* ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	25th "
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	1st Nov.
* PERSIA	7951	S. Barcham	8th "
M.L. ORIENTAL	5284	F. N. Tillard	15th "
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	22nd "
M.L. PERSIA	7951	S. Barcham	29th "
* EGYPT	7912	J. Chellew	6th Dec.
M.L. CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	13th "
* CHINA	7912	T. S. Angus	20th "
M.L. EGYPT	7912	J. Chellew	27th "
			1903
* ARABIA	7,903	J. L. Parfitt	3rd Jany.
M.L. CHINA	7,912	T. S. Angus	10th "
* ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	17th "
M.L. ARABIA	7,903	J. L. Parfitt	24th "
* PERSIA	7,951	S. Barcham	31st "
M.L. ORIENTAL	5 284	F. N. Tillard	7th Feby.

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between NOON, and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY PORT NIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 24th September, 1902.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all lines sent free on application.
BAGGAGE shipped and Policies of Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.
DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX		4,194	1st Nov. 1902.
IMPERATOR		4,119	1st Dec. 1902.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 560.	Rs. 357-8.	Rs. 165.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
a TRIESTE	E. Moscon	5095	25th Nov.
a b MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	T. Razovitch	4169	17th Dec.

a Will call at Piræus. b Will call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 413-8	Rs. 165.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN A YEAR.

1st Class Rs. 990. 2nd Class Rs. 660-8. Saloon Rs. 618-12.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which take about 5 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO KOBE VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
VINDOBONA		4,351	23rd October.

STEAM TO SHANGHAI VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
TIROL	Baron Brettfeld	2,771	22nd Oct., 1902.

further particulars, regarding Passages apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 28, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 30th September, 1902.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
OCEANIEN	4259	Martin	23rd Oct. 1902.
ERNEST SIMONS	5,707	Deguy Fremy	20th Nov. 1902.
SYDNEY	4,232	Negre	18th Dec. 1902

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA AND JAPAN.

S. S. "SYDNEY," 4,232 tons, Captain Negre, to sail on or about the 18th October 1902.

For further particulars apply to

P. de SURE, Acting Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 40, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THOSE SUBSCRIBERS who have been hitherto SUPPLIED with the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" through the Cosmopolitan Library, can have the papers by applying to Messrs. VINCENT & CO., 12, Ballard Road, 3rd Floor, Fort, or the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," Head Office.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on FRIDAY, the 3rd October, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on TUESDAY, the 7th October, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, on THURSDAY, the 9th October, at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA, LAMU AND ADEN.

S. S. "BANCOORA," 2,918 tons, on or about MONDAY, 13th October.

FOR MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, DELEGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, AND PORT ELIZABETH.

S. S. "PALITANA" 2,998 tons, on or about MONDAY, 6th October.

FOR CAPE TOWN DIRECT.

S. S. "SECUNDRA," 2,610 tons, on or about 15th October.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "HENZADA," 2 078 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 12th October.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 2nd October, 1902.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning via Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

For Freight, Passage or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 15th May, 1902.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti.	15th Oct., 1902.
D. BALDUINO	4,580	G. Canepa	15th Nov., 1902.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporite	15th Dec., 1902.

And on the 15th of every subsequent month.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 605.	Rs. 357-8.	Rs. 165
Return tickets available 1 year	" 907-8	" 550	

No primage is collected on the above fares.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 990; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries, Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa and can break their journey at any port en route.

S.S. BISAGNO, 6,000 Tons, from BOMBAY to HONGKONG, calling at Singapore, on the 17th October, 1902.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Esplanade Road, No. 27.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRICA LINIE. GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Vessel.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail
S. S. REICHSTAG	2,685	...	13th Oct. 1902
S. S. KHALIF	1,653	Koppistaedter	27th Oct. 1902

Taking Passengers and Cargo for ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA, and all Eastern and Southern Ports of AFRICA up to CAPE TOWN.

For rates and particulars apply to

A. STRANDES,
Agent.
24, Medows Street, Bombay, 3rd Sept., 1902.

WHY COUGH?
WHY COUGH?
WHY COUGH?

There is absolutely no remedy so speedy and effectual. One Lozenge alone gives relief. Simple, but sure in action, they can be taken by the most delicate.

KEATING'S LOZENGES
KEATING'S LOZENGES
KEATING'S LOZENGES
KEATING'S LOZENGES

If you cannot sleep for coughing, one Keating's Lozenge will set you right. They at once check the cough and remove the cause. An enormous sale all over the world during the past 80 years proves their great value.

INSTANT RELIEF.
INSTANT RELIEF.
INSTANT RELIEF.

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold everywhere in bottles by all Chemists.

MYSORE COFFEE.
THE FINEST THE WORLD PRODUCES.
GROWN ON OUR OWN ESTATES AND ROASTED, GROUND AND PACKED BY US AT OUR FACTORY, CHICKMAGLUR.
GUARANTEED PURE.
NO ADMIXTURES.
In ½, 1, 2 and 3 lb. lever top tins, per lb. Re. 1-0-0.
REDUCTION ON QUANTITIES.
SPECIAL TERMS to Messes, Clubs and the Trade,
¼ lb. sample tin sent post free to any address in India on receipt of six annas.
THE MYSORE PLANTERS SUPPLY CO.,
CHICKMAGLUR, KADUR DISTRICT,
MYSORE STATE.

WILL OPEN
ON MONDAY NEXT, 6TH OCTOBER.
MONGINI BROTHERS'
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS.
25-27, CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.

FEVERS MALARIA!! PLAGUE!!
DR. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC.
(A TRUE VEGETABLE EXTRACT).
TRADE MARK.
A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE FOR
MALARIA AND INFLUENZA, INTERMITTANT, JUNGLE and BILIOUS FEVERS.
Fevers of all types and at all stages, and a mild attack of Plague.
It is without its equal in persistent and protracted Agues, and a short trial proves its efficacy.
Dr. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC promises all important advantages over other fabrique, that it may be administered when the Fever is on or off and it does not produce any unpleasant symptoms which frequently follow the use of other Fever Remedies.
AS A PREVENTIVE
People residing in such places where there is an epidemic of Plague or in low damp places or frequenting the malarious districts are strongly advised to keep a bottle of Dr. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC with them and take a small dose of it every day before going out on duty.
It is quite harmless and can be given to a child with safety.
This remedy has been tried over 25 years with success.
BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.
PROPRIETORS:
M. T. MADON & CO., CHEMISTS,
24, 26, ABDOOL REHMAN STREET, BOMBAY.
Can be had at Messrs. KEMP & Co., TREACHER & Co., PHILLIPS & Co., and all other respectable Chemists.

THE ITALIAN STORES.
C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,
105, MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
STEVEDORES AND PURVEYORS TO THE NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA, SOCIETA REUNITE FLORIO AND RUBATTINO, BOMBAY; AND TO THE ITALIAN ROYAL MARINE AND RUSSIAN AND ARGENTINE MEN-O'WAR.
GRUYERE, PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA cheeses.
FINEST LUCCA OIL; Pure Italian Wine Vinegar.
ASPARAGUS, (French Italian and German).
MILAN SAUSAGES in Skin (Italian).
ANCHOVIES SALTED (loose); and in oil in Bottles.
FRANKFORT SAUSAGES, Plain, and with Sauerkroute.
TUNNY FISH IN OIL (French and Italian).
URAL CAVIARE (German).
SARDINES: Royans Victoria. " a la Tomate. Plain in finest Lucca oil.
BLACK OLIVES (loose) in oil.
GREEN OLIVES (French) in Bottles.
FRENCH and ITALIAN PREPARED MUSTARD assorted in Bottles.
MASTIC de CHIO 2-8 Bot. Vermouth (Italian and French) Chianti, Barbera, Capri, Lacrima Christe and Marsala. Cherry and Blackberry Brandy. Asti Spumanti and Duc de Marsat (champagne.)
Maccaroni, Vermecelli, Soup Paste, Lentilles, Beans, Gram (Milanese), Rice (Carolina), Walnuts, Hazelnuts, and Almonds.
Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET as a speciality and a thoroughly genuine article, only Rs. 10 per doz. Bots.

RACING REQUISITES FOR POONA.
No Sportsman is Equipped without a good Field Glass.
GOERZ
TREIDER PRISMATIC BINOCULARS.
Superior in POWER and ACCURACY to all others.
No. 20 Magnifying 6 Times. CASH Rs. 122-8.
No. 30 Magnifying 9 Times. CASH Rs. 141-4.
MONOCULARS MAGNIFYING 9 TIMES Rs. 56.
COMPLETE in BLACK or BROWN LEATHER CASE with SLING and BELT FITTINGS.
FIELD FLAMMARION GLASS,
Absolutely the best value ever offered in Binoculars.
Achromatic Lenses, Wide Field, High Magnification, Complete in Brown Leather case with Sling and Belt Fittings.
CASH Rs. 32.
GUARANTEED CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.
GOLD
High Class Lever Movements Compensation Balance.
Crystal Face, Keyless Action.
With Minute Recorder, Rs. 189. Without Minute Recorder, Rs. 166-8.
STERLING SILVER CASES.
Highest Quality Lever Movements Compensation Balance.
With Time and Chronograph on same Dial, Rs. 81.
Time on Dial, Chronograph on the Reverse, Rs. 58-8
STRONG NICKEL SILVER CASES.
Keyless Action Lever Movements of Highest Quality.
Time and Chronograph Action with Minute Recorder on one Dial, Rs. 58-8
Chronograph only for Timing Trials and Races, Rs. 25.
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

POPULARITY
IS INVARIABLY A SURE PROOF
OF
EXCELLENCE
AND
THAT IS WHY
BAHADUR
CIGARS
ARE THE LEADING
BRAND OF INDIAN CIGARS
AND ENJOY A LARGER
SALE THAN ANY OTHER
BRAND.
WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.
McDOWELL & CO., LD.,
MADRAS.

NOW READY.
THE
INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
FOR OCTOBER, 1902.
SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES
OF ALL THE
INDIAN RAILWAYS.
ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS.
PRICE, EIGHT [illegible] ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION, Rs. 5.
This Guide, having [illegible] circulation throughout India, forms a very good Medium [illegible]. For Rates, &c., apply at the "Bombay Gazette" [illegible] Esplanade Road, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-DAY, FRIDAY,
at 5-30 P. M.
(FULL PROGRAMME).
and TO-NIGHT, at 9-30 P.M.
(Children half price to Matinee, reserved seats).
FIRST VISIT OF THE
ORIGINAL AMERICAN BIOGRAPH
run by electricity
As Exhibited by Special Command before
HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY
AT CALCUTTA AND SIMLA.
50 LIVING PICTURES
CLEAR, DISTINCT, LIFE SIZE,
Including all the genuine pictures taken in connection with the
CORONATION OF KING EDWARD VII.
PRICES OF ADMISSION:
Rs. 3, 2, 1 and 8 Annas.
Plan of reserved seats at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

KHANDALLA CONVALESCENT HOME.

THIS HOME has now been OPENED for the Season. Application for admission should be made to the PHYSICIAN, in charge of St. George's Hospital Bombay, accompanied by a certificate from a Medical Officer.

A. M. MONTEATH,
Honorary Secretary.

Bombay, 1st October, 1902.

THE INDIAN COTTON COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the Rate of Rs. 12-8-0 per Share will be paid on and after 1st October, 1902, to the Registered Shareholders of the Company, on production of their Share Certificates.

GADDUM & Co.,
Secretaries & Treasurers.

Bombay, 30th September, 1902.

STATE ENGINEER, BHARATPUR.

APPLICATIONS for the POST of STATE ENGINEER to the Bharatpur State, Rajputana, will be received up to October 20th by the undersigned. Copies of certificates should accompany applications; also statement of age, present employment and salary last drawn. Candidates must be under 45 years of age. Irrigation experience essential. Salary Rs. 850, rising to 1,250 by Annual increments for approved service of Rs. 50, or in the case of an officer lent by Government as laid down in the Civil Service Regulations. Travelling allowance on Government P. W. D. scale. House rent free.

G. G. WHITE, M. I. C. E.
Supdg. Engineer and Secy. to the Hon'ble the A.G.G., Rajputana and C. I.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

In the matter of the Estate of CAROLINA DA SILVA, a Spinster, late of Bombay, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that ALL PERSONS claiming against the Estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died at Bombay, on the 17th of July, 1902, and Letters of Administration to whose Estate having effect throughout the Province of Bombay were granted on the 2nd day of September, 1902, to Miss ADELAIDE DA SILVA, the maternal aunt and the only next of kin of the said deceased, are required to SEND in their claims to the Undersigned at their Office, 123, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, within one calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the Administratrix will appropriate to herself the assets of the said Estate having regard only to the claims of which her said Attorneys shall then have notice.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the estate of the said deceased or HAVING PROPERTY belonging to her are required to pay their DEBTS or HAND OVER such PROPERTY to the said Attorneys.—Dated this 25th day of September, 1902.

DAPHTARY & FERREIRA,
Attorneys for the Administratrix.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interests allowed.

LOANS and OVERDRAFTS granted against approved security.

DRAFTS issued. TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS effected. PERIODICAL REMITTANCES made.

STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold. INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected.

LIFE, FIRE, and ACCIDENT ASSURANCES effected and PREMIUMS paid.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

MESSRS. ARDESHER'S PRIZE DRAWING.

THE SEVENTH PRIZE-DRAWING at Messrs. Ardeser's took place at 178, Dharamtolla Street, on Saturday last, at 6 P. M., when, as usual, a large crowd of interested spectators were present. The Drawing was conducted on the same rigid principles as the previous drawings, the tickets being sealed and locked on the previous evening and the key given in charge of one of the Committee. The result of the drawing is as follows: First prize, Rs. 1,000 fell to ticket No. 4383 held by Shamrao Balkrishna, of Sukurwar Peith Road, Poona; the second prize of Rs. 500 fell to ticket No. 2831 held by F. S. de Silva, of Gaiwadi, Thakordwar, Bombay; the remaining 521 prizes fell to holders of tickets all over the country.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this column)

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee, Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

CORONATION.—Silver PHOTO FRAMES Miniature Size complete with excellent Photos of HIS MAJESTY THE KING or HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN Rs. 2. A fresh consignment of all sizes just received.—MARCKS & Co., LD.

VERMITE—The only Powder that actually kills and exterminates Insect Pests such as Blackbeetles Cockroaches, Crickets Bugs, Fleas, Moths, &c. In tins 4As, 7As, 12As and Rs 2-8—Sold by THOMSON & TAYLOR 35 Esplanade Road.

GLORIA CYCLES—Model Riche fitted with ball bearing free wheel and Bowden Triumph pattern brake, a perfect mount. The GLORIA, with latest improvements, price Rs 220 nett cash. Accessories included. Sole Agents, W. H. THORNS & Co., Tamarind Lane.

VIS-A-VIS (VICTORIA)—Just unpacked, Hungarian-make, in excellent design and workmanship, Price Moderate.—E. S. MALLA & Co., 395, Bhendy Bazaar, Bombay.

TOYS AND DOLLS.—A very large stock to select from. Child's Tricycles, Rocking Horses, &c., &c.—MORENAS & Co., Medow Street, Bombay.

A. S. UNANI'S SPECIFIC.—The best for G. and S. and all venereal diseases. Infallibly cures fresh and chronic cases within 3 days where other remedies fail. A trial order solicited.—Dr. ABDOOL KADAR SULEMANJEE, Abdool Rehman Street, Pydhoni, Bombay.

WEAK MEN! DELICATE WOMEN.—Peter's Brain Panacia is for you! The great invigorating tonic of the day for the Nerve, Muscle and Brain.—MADON SONS & Co, The Original Madon's Pharmacy, No. 16-18, Abdool Rehman Street, Bombay.

WONDER! Machine in perfect use for 22 years, Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs. 50, which is in use in my house for past 22 years, has given me every satisfaction and I recommend it to any one requiring a good substantial and easy-going Machine. G. D. Nariman, Hyderabad, Deccan.

LAWSON TAIT BEDS with Patents Diagonal wire Mattress at Rs. 20 each. The lowest price ever offered to the Public. Stock kept by M. BRESLAUER & Co. Bombay.

FOR WHATEVER you need in the Household or for furnishing Camp or Bungalow please apply to WM. S. MARRIOTT, The Tent Factory, Cawnpore.

BIRTHDAY and Wedding Presentation Articles, Gold, Silver and Gem Jewellery, always ready in stock.—P. MEHTA & Co., 61, Medows St., Bombay.

WANTED, a CLERK for the Bombay Municipal Corporation and Standing Committee Office. Pay Rs. 50, with prospects. Apply forwarding COPIES ONLY of testimonials to the Municipal Secretary, Bombay.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a First Class thoroughly experienced and reliable OPERATOR and RETOUCHER to turn out High Class Artistic Work in the Studio and out of doors. Handsome salary. Apply with full particulars and references to "A." care of this paper.

WANTED an ASSISTANT PRINTER for a large Daily English Newspaper in Bombay from the 1st October. Salary Rs. 60 per month. Apply stating qualifications to "Z" care of MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

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AUCTION SALE OF NEW BENTWOOD FURNITURE, GILT BALL CLOCK, MAJOLICAWARE, PORCELAINWARE, ETC.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 3rd inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Green Street, Fort, opposite the Bank of Bombay, in the premises lately vacated by the B. I. S. N. Co., the following:—

New bentwood furniture, by Jacob Joseph Kohn, plain and gilt, such as light, arm, rocking and revolving chairs, sofas, drawing room bentwood suit lined tapestry, large size musical box with 3 spare rollers playing Hindustani tunes, gilt ball clock under glass dome, pier tables with pier glasses, large assortment of rich Japanese porcelain and majolicaware, plated ware, etc

The goods are on view.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms on MONDAY, the 6th instant, at 3 p. m., the effects of the late Mr. C. J. Taylor consisting of tables, chairs, chest of drawers, clothes, press, cots, glassware, crockery, knives, spoons and forks, single barrel gun, copper utensils, wearing apparel, tent, tonga with harness, etc.

The effects of the late Mr. William Rogers consisting of wearing apparel, silver mounted walking sticks, leather handbags, &c.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 6th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods, and the following:—

Household furniture such as tables, chairs, cupboards, writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, book and hat stand, &c.

A number of law books, the property of a European barrister.

AT 2 P.M.

A few lady's and gent's bicycles.
1 French-polished office shigram.
1 light dog-cart.
1 strong-built circular brougham,
1 second-hand victoria,
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On TUESDAY, the 7th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 5, Rutherfield Street, Fort, opposite Messrs. David Sassoon and Co.'s office, in Forbes Street, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, platedware, crockery and glassware, square piano by Schiedmeyer and Soehne in good order (specially built for the climate of India), iron safe on stand, gent's bicycle by King, table ornaments, windproof lamps, Brussels carpets, the property of the late C. H. WATTS, Esq., Deputy Postmaster.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT KHETWADY BACK ROAD.

On TUESDAY, the 7th inst., at 4 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of Thakersey Goda, the surviving partner of the firm of Messrs. Malla Dulia and Co., the mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of the legal heirs and representatives of the deceased mortgagor, Heerbai, widow of Thacker Jairam Cullianjee, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage dated the 13th day of September, 1894, the following property, viz:—

All that piece or parcel of Pasendari land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Duncan Road, or otherwise called Khetwady Back Road, without the Fort, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1334 and four-tenths square yards or thereabouts, and assessed by the Municipality under Ward D, 2111 Street No. 12, and bounded on the east and west by the said Duncan Road, or Khetwady Back Road, on the north by the house of Dhunjibhai Kikabhai, and on the south by the house of Maroodi Shewjee.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to the Undersigned.

On SUNDAY, the 12th inst., at 4 p. m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by public auction at Girgaum Back Road, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, English brass chairs, plateware, crockery and glassware, Chubb's fire proof safe on stand, old China vases, ivory table ornaments, wall mirrors, handsome rubber steel-wheel brougham with open sides, Tuckers argand lamps, Zanzibar talking parrots and cockatoes, garden plants, &c., the property of a deceased Parsee gentleman.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 3rd October, 1902.

BENNETT AND COMPANY, No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the Executors of the late Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart I, Messrs. BENNETT & Co will, on SUNDAY, the 12th inst., at 11 a. m., sell by Public Auction at 'Rose Cottage,' Bhawani Peth, Poona, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, glass and crockery ware, a mahogany full-size slate billiard table with balls, cues, lamps, &c., complete 3, 5, 6, and 8 light hanging argand lamps and chandeliers, double branch wall shades, bronze and marble ornaments, large Brussels and Bombay carpets, globe lamps, first-rate pictures, a large quantity of copper and brass cooking utensils, &c.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LAND AT PORTUGUESE CHURCH ROAD, LOWER MAHIM, AND MATOONGA.

On FRIDAY, the 17th instant, at 4 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co, will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagees, and on account and risk of Anna Dominga Miranda, widow of Luis Francisco Miranda and her son Domingos Francisco Miranda, the mortgagors, the following property:—

All that piece or parcel of land or Gart called Bom'dem situate on the west side of Portuguese Church Road, at Lower Mahim, in the Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 9,805 square yards, be the same a little more or less, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue of Pension and Tax under old Nos. 200 and 214, new Nos. 3982 and 3864, bearing old Survey No. 317, new No. 1178, together, with the messuages or dwelling-houses standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward G. Nos. 4323, 4326 4328, 4339, and 4330 and Street Nos. 633, 637, 638, 639, and 640 and bounded on the east by the Portuguese Church Road, on the west by public passage, on the north by the property of Anna Abreo and Domingos Valles, and on the south by public Tank, which said piece of land and messuages were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Anna Dominga Miranda and her tenants.

ON SATURDAY, the 18th October, at 4 p. m.

Secondly.—All that piece or parcel of land or batty field, situate at Matoonga, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 6,063 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 97, new Survey No 1, 2, 3-780, and bounded on the east and south by Roman Catholic Cemetery, on the west by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company line, and on or towards the north by the batty fields of Narayan Nuthoo Subedhar.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, the 22nd instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Pawai Road, Malabar Hill, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood French-polished household furniture-rich glass and crockery-ware, best plated ware, one sweet toned walnutwood cottage pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Soehne in first-rate order, table, hanging and wall lamps, large carpets, rich table ornaments, &c., the property of Surgeon-Major H. HERBERT, I. M. S,

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 3rd October, 1902.

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AUTHORISED CAPITAL.....£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£562,500

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

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The London Joint Stock Bank.

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Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if no more Rs 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JOHN K. MOIR,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

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Subscribed.....Rs. 15,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... „ 14,00,000
Uncalled Capital ..... „ 5,00,000

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„ R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
„ N. A. McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
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For 2 Years	5½
„ 1 Year	5
„ 6 Months	4½
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For further information apply to—

D. KING,
Agent.

Calcutta, 16th July 1901.

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NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £4,25,000

HEAD OFFICE:
47 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:

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The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

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ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

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Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi.

Sub-Branches:—Murree—(April to October) and Amritsar
Sub-Agencies:—Bangalore and Mooltan City.

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RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ARE AS UNDER:
STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—
9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ „ „

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Apply for Rates to Head Office or Branches.

C. BERESFORD,
Deputy Chief Manager.

Bombay, 9th September 1902.

BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 47,50,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

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J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

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WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
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BOMBAY AGENCY.

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PAID UP CAPITAL..... „ 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... „ 8,910,000

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BOMBAY BRANCH.

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The Garden of Kama, by Lawrence Hope ...	2 0
Milton—Samson Agonistes Blackwoods English Classics	1 0
Light from the East, by Edith Ward	1 0
Macbeth and the Ruin of Souls, by Dr. Miller...	1 0
Mr. Elliott, by I. O. Ford...	2 0
The Hosts of the Lordby F. A. Steel	2 0
General Geography for Indian Schools, by W. H. Arden Wood	2 0
The Life of

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, OCT. 1.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills for Rs. 30,00,000,

Rs. 25/20 were allotted to Calcutta,
" 2/50 do. Bombay,
" 2/30 do. Madras.

Rs. 30/00 at 1s. 3 31-32d.
Minimum rate received 3 per cent. Average rate 15/97.
Telegraphic Transfers—Nil.
Total amount sold during week... ...31,40,000
Amount to be allotted next week ...30,00,000
Extra allotments, Bill on Madras, Rs. 70,000 at 1s. 4d.

Wheat No. 1 Club 29 1-2, Oct.-Nov. Sellers.
Wheat White Delhi 29, Oct-Nov. Sellers.
Linseed 52 1-2. Oct.-Nov. Sellers. Tone firm.
Para Rubber 3s. 2d.

Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats quiet. Manchester quiet but steady. Total sales 12,000. Spot 4 88. Sold on speculation and for export 1,000. Imports 17,000. Arrivals closed quiet.

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
4'64	4'61	4'60	4'59	4'59
Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July.	
4'58	4'58	4'58	4'0	

In New York—
Receipts at the Port..... 35,000 bales.
Do. last year..... 31,000 "
Exports to Great Britain ..... 29,000 "
" Continent..... 59,000 "
Mid-Uplands 8 7-8
Futures, month of Dec. ..... 8 79 plus 1
Do. do. March ..... 8 03 plus 3
Coffee..... 5 1-4

In New Orleans—
Spot..... 8 1-2
Futures month of Jan. 8 46
Do. April..... 8 52
Closing tone quiet.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols ..... £93 1-2 = — 1-16
3 per cent. Rentes ..... £100 = unchanged
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan ..... £106 1-2 = do.
3½ per cent. Govt. Securities... £93 3-4 = plus 1-8
Bar Silver in London ..... 23 11-16 = plus 1-8
Do. 2 months hence 23 5-8 = plus 1-8
Do. New York ..... 51 1-8 = plus 3-8
Exchange on London at Paris. 25'16 1-2 = unchanged
Berlin Cheques on London ..... 20'45 = do.
Exchange on New York ..... 4'85 3-4 = + 1-8
Discount, Bank of England, 3 per cent. = unchanged
" Short London Bills 3 1-4 " = unchanged
" Indian Bank Bills 3 3-4 " = unchanged
3 months Fine Trade Bills 2 5-8 " = unchanged
6 Do. Do. 3 7-8 " = unchanged
Interest, day to day loans 2 5-8 " = — 1-4
Do. 7 day market loans 2 5-8 " = — 1-8

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Wednesday, 1st October 1902 :—

Cotton.....	129 bales.
Wheat	1,058 cwts.
Linseed	225 "
Rapeseed	605 "
Gingellyseed	177 "
Poppyseed	304 "
Groundnuts	76 "
Castorseed	872 "
Rice	105 "
Myrabollams	34 "
Cottonseed	3,130 "

BOMBAY, THURSDAY, OCT. 2.

EXCHANGE—Tone firm.
Bank T. T. 1s 3 15-16d
Bank Demand 1s 3 31-32d
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D. A. ... 1s 4 5-32d
Do 6 do do ... 1s 4 5-16d
French France 3 do do 169 1-2
Marks 3 do do 137 3-4
Hongkong 30 Days' Sight 126 1-2
Shanghai 30 " " 170
Japan 30 " " 151
GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent—Tone steady.
Cash 98 13
1st Settlement 98 10
Money Market—Tone very easy.
BANK RATE—

Bank of England since 6th February	3	per cent.
Bank of Bombay do. 17th July	3	do.
Bank of Bengal do. 10th July	3	do.
Bank of Madras do. 30th June	4	do.

SEEDS,—
Linseed.—Tone steady.

Ready	3	4
Forward April-May firm.	8	2

Rapeseed.—Tone quiet.

Brown Cawnpore, Ready	5	12
Do. Forward		
Yellow Cawnpore Ready	6	3
do. Forward		
Yellow Guzerat, Ready ...	6	5
do. Forward...		

Poppyseed.—Tone quiet.

Ready	3	3
Forward April May ...	7	9

Castorseed—Tone firm.

Ready	23	8
Forward April May ...	24	4

Groundnuts—Tone steady.
Forward Jan Feb.... 38
Gingellyseed.—Tone steady.
If per cent. Fined, Decr.-Jany.... 41 12 to 42

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	quiet.
Estimated sales	8,000
Total imports	1,000

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
4'61	4'60	4'59	4'58
2	—1	—1	—1
Feb.-March	March-Apr.	Apl.-May	May-June.
4'58	4'57	4'57	4'57
—1	—1	—1	—1

COTTON.—There is a steadier feeling in the market with a better inquiry from exporties and also the mills. In spot cotton the sales are estimated at 2,500 to 3,000 bales at previous rates and in near crops prices have advanced some Rs. 2 to 3 with a good demand. At the close we quote,

THE LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The following report is dated Liverpool, September 19th :—The state of trade does not promise support to the bull campaign. The price Lancashire spinners can get for their yarn compared with what they have to pay for raw material still shews a loss of about 1/8d per lb. Yet there are signs of improvement. There is a better demand for cloth from India, and although offers from the Dependency are generally rather low, there is a disposition on the part of manufacturers to meet them. The demand from China, and other outlets also shews some improvement before, however, any real and substantial improvement can set in, the heavy premium on near months will have to disappear. As far as continental trade is concerned, there seems to be very little change. We are glad to notice that spinners on the continent have not been scared into buying.—A valued representative in Saxony writes to us that last week the exchange in Leipzig was fairly well attended but the decline in America frustrated many transactions which would otherwise have been concluded. He adds that spinners have, to all appearances, sold large quantities of yarns during the late advance, but at such unfavorable prices, that at present cost of raw material they have to work at a loss. With regard to the crop, advices have been quite favorable during the past week. Mr. Pine Bird, Little Rock and Dalls correspondents, say, and cable that the weather is very favorable for the growing point. Perhaps our first idea of two months ago that the crop was going to be an enormous one will not come true, and we may not see 13,000,000, as some then expected. At the same time, we think there is every possibility of a very large top crop, as a result of the recent rains. Of course, if early killing frost should set in we might have to modify our views. In the meantime, receipts are coming forward very rapidly. Spinners both here and in America are beginning to buy cotton freely, and as usual, selling hedges of futures. When this buying of new crop cotton become more general and the sales of hedges consequently more extensive, we do not think any fictitious bull moment can hope to withstand the avalanche of sales which must come on all futures market, and prices must, we are sure, fall to a much lower level, and think prices ought to decline to at least about 4 cents as we are still considering the above that point as cheap. We see no reason to change the opinion we have previously expressed. We venture to ask our spinner friends once more to buy for their immediate wants only, and to sell at any rate for the price just mentioned before taking in stock, and not pull the chestnuts out of the fire for the New York bull clique. Double Options, D-J 21, J-F 23 points.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady.
Surats quiet.
Good Rhownuggers ...
The Manchester Market had been quiet but steady.
2 3-4 per cent. Consols 93 7-8
3 percent Rentes 100
3 1-2 per cents. Sterling Loan 106 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Paper 97 1-4
Bar Silver 23 11-16

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATH and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2, for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line, CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

DEATH.

GRAVES—September 21, in London, of cancer, Colonel Henry Affleck Graves, I S C (Retired).

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

PATON—September 25, at No 40, Ripon Street, Calcutta, the wife of Mr A H M Paton, of a daughter.

DEATH.

LARKIN—September 19, at her residence, Meerut, Mrs B Larkin, aged 83 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 51m. Sun sets 5h. 48m. High water, 0-0m., 0 8a. Low water, 5-52m., 5-55s.
Fourth Criminal Sessions 11 a.m.
Novelty Thearte, the American Biograph 5-30 and 9-30 p. m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Akbar entered, and the s.s. Obra left the dock yes erday.

THE BAND AT THE ESPLANADE.—The Band of the 21st Bombay Infantry will not play at the Esplanade Bandstand until further notice, as they are going through their annual course of Musketry at Santa Cruz.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A SHARE BROKER.—Mr. Devidas Veljee, a share broker, aged fifty five, died suddenly on Share Bazaar on Wednesday afternoon. Dr. Sidney Smith having certified the cause of death to be heart disease, the body was disposed of by order of the Coroner.

THE KHOJA SAJUNBHOY MEERALLY'S CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—During the month of September the number of Khoja patients that were treated in this Dispensary was 1721. Among them the number of new admissions was 430, classified as follows :—Khoja.—men 128, woman 135, children 167, total 430. The average daily attendance was 57.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Lamu, Mombassa, Ibo, Chindi, Dereasalom, Zanzibar, Beira, Mozambique, Delagoa Bay per extra s. s. "Palitana" will be closed at the General Post Office at 8 a. m., on Monday the 6th instant. Letters etc., specially superscribed for Port Elizabeth, Natal and E. London will also be forwarded.

RATANSI MULJI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY, FORT.—During the month of September the number of Hindu patients treated in this dispensary was 3237. The number of new admissions was 923, classified as follows :—Bhattia 49, Vanias 108, Brahmins 146, Lohanas 32, other castes 588. The average daily attendance was 108.

SELLING TODDY WITHOUT A LICENSE.—Before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, one Salvadore De Souza was charged by Mr. E. P. McLaughlin, Abkari Inspector with having sold toddy without a license from the Collector of Bombay in a house, at the foot of the French Bridge, Girgaum. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and as there was a previous conviction against him for a similar offence he was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 20. The toddy seized in the case was ordered to be sent to the Collector for disposal.

PENCILS AND PENHOLDERS.—We have received for notice a selection of lead and other pencils manufactured by the American Lead Pencil Coy. of New York. All of them appear to be of a very superior quality. A speciality of the company is a carbon pencil got up in the same way as a lead pencil. Artists and draughtsmen will like it because, while the use of the ordinary brass holder is obviated, it retain all the qualities of the ordinary carbon point. It is moreover, [illegible] in the office on soft paper. Copying ink pencils [illegible] shades are also manufactured by the company, and they also send out a capital assortment of nicely finished penholders. The company's good may be obtained from all stationers.

AT HOME.—The past and present students of the Wilson College were "At Home" last night in the college hall Chowpatty. The hall was tastefully decorated with palm leaves and plants in pots and brilliantly illumina ed. Dr. Mackichan and the professors of the college were present. Vocal and instrumental musics were provided. The students took the opportunity of presenting a platinum photo set in silver frames to Dr. Mackichan in honour of his having been nominated Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University. The photo was presented at the hands of Miss Dastur, B. A., ex student of the college. After partaking of light refreshment and spending sometime in conversation the gathering despersed.

PICKPOCKETS AT BHOIWADA.—This morning at the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. J. Sanders Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Abdula Hedayatula and Canji Pradhan were charged with stealing a lottery ticket and six pice from the pocket of one Ramchandra Vithal. The fact was that yesterday evening at about 8 30 p. m. both accused were standing near Bhoiwada when a palkhi procession passed by. During the confusion the first accused extracted the property in question from the complainant's pocket and handed it over to the accused. A police spoy in plain clothes saw him in the act and arrested both. From the first of the second accused the property was recovered. The second accused had eight previous convictions against him. The Magistrate sentenced the first to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment and the second to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment.

✓THE HINDU UNION CLUB AND SISTER NIVEDITA.

ON Wednesday evening the members of the Hindu Union Club invited Sister Nivedita to a Tea-party at the express desire of the ladies of their families. Prof. Padhaye having briefly related in English the object of the meeting, the Hon. Sir Balchandra Krishna addressed a few words in Marathi for the edification of the ladies, especially those who did not know English, dwelling on some of the important facts in the life of the late Swami Vivekananda, explaining the present mission of Sister Nivedita, and describing how her three lectures lately delivered in the Gaiety Theatre were appreciated by the Bombay public. Addressing Sister Nivedita, he said, I welcome you here, Sister Nivedita, on behalf of the Club and on behalf of my sisters assembled in this hall. Sister Nivedita thanked the members of the Club for the opportunity given her of being allowed to make intimate acquaintance with their ladies, and of being accepted as a member of their families. She expressed her regret at being unable to address her sisters in Marathi but assured them that it would have been much better if they had had an opportunity of seeing her Guru Swami Vivekananda himself than his humble disciple. The Hon. Sir Balchandra Krishna then introduced to her some of the leading members of the Club individually, while Mrs. K. B. Wagle introduced to her the ladies individually. Such of the latter as knew English conversed with her directly while others talked with her through the interpretation of Mrs. K. B. Wagle and Mrs. Vinayak Vishwanath Nillaji. The Hon. Sir Balchandra garlanded her with a floral wreath and presented her with a superb bouquet. The party dispersed after partaking of light refreshments.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	2	2	8
B Mandvi, Chuckla, Somerkhadi and Donagi	7	6	22
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Parsewady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	5	3	25
D Chetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar and Mahaluxmi	1	1	9
E Mazagon, Parwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	3	1	25
F Parel, Sewree and Sion ...	2	1	4
G Mahim and Worli	0	2	28
Water Division	0	0	1
Non-Residents and Unknown...	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	2	7
Total.....	20	16	107
Total plague deaths to date.....	120,249	90,509	
Same date last year.....	17	13	113

FOURTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar presided at an adjourned sitting of the Sessions Court yesterday.

THE WILL FORGERY CASE.

Bhaichand Naran, Gordhan Gopal Soni, Shapurjee Hormusji Todiwalla, Vithal Jumakhram, and Varjivandas alias Kalidas Bhaichand, were again placed at the bar. No 1 charged with fraudulently and dishonestly using as genuine a forged will, and the rest of the accused with abetment of the offence. Mr. Kirkpatrick, with Mr. Bahadurjee, instructed by Mr. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown. Under instructions from Messrs. Ardesir Hormusjee, Dinshaw and Co., Mr. Jardine appeared for Nos. 1, 4, and 5, Mr. Davar for No. 2; and Mr. Strangman for No. 3. The following gentlemen were called to serve upon the

SPECIAL JURY.

Mr. J. Jack, Foreman.
Mr. T. W. Lasham
" F. C. Macrae
" John Reed
" Krishnarao N. Rane,
Mr. Hirjibhai P. Karani
" G. K. Johnston
" B. Atmaram
" Motilal Canjee.

Mr. Kirkpatrick, on the trial being resumed applied to his lordship for permission for Inspector Sloane to remain in court to instruct him, as the officer was practically in the position of the complainant in the case.

His lordship said he did not wish to do anything that would prejudice the accused.

Mr. Davar objected to Inspector Sloane's presence in court, stating that he could prove that officer had tampered the defence, and had stood to the way of Gordhan raising money for the purpose of defending himself. Inspector Sloane was a witness of great importance and should be as far away as possible when the other witnesses were being examined. He had in the Police Court practiced zoolum on the accused and on the witnesses.

Mr. Kirkpatrick remarked the allegations Mr. Davar had made were serious ones, if true.

Mr. Davar said he had made them under instructions.

Mr. Kirkpatrick pointed out that in criminal cases, it was no unusual thing for counsel to make such allegations under instructions. It was a serious thing to say that Inspector Sloane had hampered the defence, and he was instructed to say the statement was not true, and that Mr. Davar had no right to make it.

His lordship said he took it that all allegation that had been made would be proved. He would permit the Inspector to remain in court, but the prosecution must know the defence would be allowed to comment upon the matter.

Mr. Davar pointed out that Mr. Kirkpatrick was being instructed by the Public Prosecutor, and that should render Inspector Sloane's attendance in court unnecessary.

His lordship said he understood that Mr. Kirkpatrick could not get on without the Inspector's assistance.

Mr. Strangman, for the third accused, pointed out that every witness in the Police Court had given the same story and had conclusively shown that the Inspector had overawed them. He asked the court to look at the depositions and to hold that the very presence of the Inspector in court would do much to influence the statements to be made before the jury. Counsel asked that Court not to grant Mr. Kirkpatrick's application.

Mr. Kirkpatrick then elected to withdraw his application, and Inspector Sloane left the Court.

The further examination of the first witness, Gordhun Nursey was then proceeded with.

During the course of the day the witness detailed the manner in which he had paid a visit to Bombay, and had met some of the accused at Dadar station. He also gave particulars of interviews he had with the accused in regard to the wills which had been put in as exhibits.

Witness was cross-examined by Mr. Davar. He said that the trustees appointed under the first will contended that the second will was forged, and Narmadabai was not of sound mind, memory and understanding at the time she made it; and that the mark on it was not her. All this, however, was untrue. The will was signed by her in witness's presence. From the 2nd to the 7th July, when the will was made, witness lived with her, but he could not tell the reason why she changed her mind within five days of her having made the first will. His sister (Narmadabai) said "I want to make another will." He replied, "Very well." She wanted to make the second will in his favour and for the purposes of charity also, kicking out the trustees. She wanted to make him sole executor and trustee of the second will.

Mr. Davar: I suppose you did not like the idea of being residuary legatee or sole trustee?

Witness: No. I did not like it.

Mr. Davar: Why?

Witness: Because I could not like it.

Mr. Davar: Could not like what? The managing of the state or the pocketing of the legacy?

Witness: Because being sole executor and trustee, people may suspect me of misappropriating the money.

Continuing, witness said under the second will also he would have got only Rs. 3,000. It was just the same as under the first will. Two or three Banians were called and came to the house at Narmadabai's request and attested the second will. He did not inform the Trustee under the first will about the second will, because his sister had said Kabsho Man i.e., Don't tell. Against his wish the second will was made. It was written down at Narmadabai's dictation. He did not assist at it.

Mr. Davar: You have stated that you were only to get Rs. 3,000 under the will.

Witness: Yes, I have said so.

Mr. Davar: I reckon Rs. 47,000; why you should have abandoned it I don't understand; it will be long time before I do.—Now, don't pretend not to remember; in the last case when I cross-examined you, you admitted before Mr. Justice Tyebji that you were to get Rs. 15,000.

Witness: The property was worth Rs. 50,000. Continuing in his cross-examination he stated that in an affidavit he had filed in the High Court he had stated the value of the estate at Rs. 59,933. The charges bequests, expenses, and legacies amounted to Rs. 47,903.

The trial was adjourned till this morning.

ALLEGED NEGLIGENCE OF A PLUMBER.

SUIT DISMISSED.

AT the Bombay Small Causes Court, Mr. C. W. Chitty, Chief Judge, heard and disposed of the suit brought by one Rukhmabai, widow of Ramchundra Pandurang Joshi, against Chintaman Hari Mahale, in which, the plaintiff sought to recover from the defendant, a sum of Rs. 1,000, being the amount of damages caused by the latter to the plaintiff's house. Mr. Cawasjee B. Setna, pleader, appeared for the plaintiff while Messrs N. S. Taraporewalla and D. W. Pelgamker, represented the defendant.

The plaintiff's case was that she in June last entrusted certain drainage work to the defendant, who is a licensed plumber of the Municipality, in connection with her house in Gunbow Street, Fort. In executing that work the defendant made certain excavations in a negligent and unworkmanlike manner and thereby caused damage to the extent of Rs. 1,000 to the eastern wall of the house, which gave way, and to other parts of the structure.—The defendant denied any negligence on his part and affirmed that he carried out the work in accordance with the notice and further instructions received from the Municipality. He further stated that he did the work in conformity with the bye laws framed by the Municipal Commissioner for the guidance of licensed plumbers and that the damage was due to the old and precarious state of the building of which the plaintiff failed to take precautions as she was bound to do.

The Chief Judge in disposing of the suit observed that the evidence adduced had not proved any negligence on the part of the defendant. The plaintiff herself admitted that she asked the defendant to make a separate drain for the sole use of her premises within half the portion of the middle passage belonging to her, which appeared to be not more than three feet in width, and that this could not have been done without making any excavation actually touching the wall as was done in this case. From Mr. Poondik's report it seemed he was first called at the place only for consultation as regarded the reinstatements of the wall and the report seemed to have been made many days after the inspection. As to the foundation stones, spoken of by the plaintiff's witnesses, they were really the stone slabs of the steps of the passage, the removal of which was necessary for the purpose of properly executing the drainage work. His Honor therefore dismissed the suit and ordered the plaintiff to pay Rs. 51 to the defendant for his professional costs.

HOW TO KEEP COOL.

We strongly recommend all who suffer from the heat to add a few drops of Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath or Foot Bath.

A Condy's Fluid Bath imparts a most delightful sensation of coolness, freshness and purity, it invigorates the body and braces the nerves. The strengthening and cooling effects are Simply Magical. Tired or Tender feet are instantly relieved. Book on bottle contains full directions.

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists throughout the British Empire. Beware of substitutes. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid." Condy & Mitchell, of London, England, are the only Makers and their name and address is at foot of label.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, held on the 23rd September, sanction was given to the Engineer to fit a shoot from the second floor of shed No. 10-11, Victoria Dock, to one of the existing first floor shoots at an estimated cost of Rs. 600.

THE QUESTION OF A FLOATING DERRICK.

NO SPACE AVAILABLE.

In a letter, dated 2nd July, the Agents of the principal Shipping Companies in Bombay stated that steamers bringing heavy boilers to this Port are, in the absence of a Floating Derrick, put to much inconvenience, detention, and additional risk, through having to shift from their discharging berths to the big crane, to put out heavy lifts, and they suggested that the Trustees should provide one capable of lifting 50 tons weight at an early date.

The Secretary submitted correspondence showing that in the past years when the question referred to was repeatedly discussed, on each occasion after very full consideration the proposal to add a floating crane to the Dock appliances was negatived. The Engineer (Mr. Messent) in a report dated 4th August, stated that the first cost of a suitable crane would probably be not far short of Rs. 2 1-2 lakhs, that he considered the arguments that previously prevailed against a Floating crane in the Bombay Docks still stronger, now that the size of steamers has increased so much and the Docks are more crowded, and enumerating what are in his opinion the advantages and disadvantages of the proposal.

The Acting Docks Superintendent (Mr. Panton In), a report dated 20th August stated that the earnings of such a crane would not exceed Rs. 2,000 per annum, against, say, Rs. 20,000 for Establishment, repairs and stores plus interest and Sinking Fund charges on capital cost and plus also depreciation.

The Junior Dock Master (Mr. Kennard), in a report, dated 5th September, observed that he considered the space and length of quay too cramped to allow of the use of a floating crane, which could not be properly and efficiently handled, that it would never pay and always be a white elephant and increase the crowding to the detriment of wharfage space.

The Senior Dock Master (Mr. Piper), in a report dated 7th September, concurred with the Engineer and considered it proved that it is impracticable to work a floating crane, particularly in the Victoria Dock, and was convinced of the inutility of the proposal.

The Port Officer, observed in a report that the crane would require a berth to itself and the space in the Docks is at times much cramped as it is.

The Chairman, in a minutes dated 18th September, which was concurred in by the other members of the Docks Committee, referred in detail to the reports above mentioned and stated that the financial question was no doubt a consideration, but what appeared to him fatal to the proposal was the absolute want of room in the present Docks. He observed that the crane with its barge would occupy a berth and there was none to spare, that it could not be used in the boyt of the Victoria Dock and at all time the transport and handling of the vessel in the confined space o the Docks would be extremely difficult, and expressed the opinion that the matter should be considered in deciding on the equipment of the new Dock, but that it is not advisable to take any action now.

The board concurred in the recommendation of the Docks Committee.

WATER PUMPING ARRANGEMENTS AT KENNERY ISLAND.

The Port Officer, in a communication dated 23rd September, reported that the present system of hand pumping with supply tanks on plinth of the building at Kennery Island causes a great deal of unnecessary labour to the Light Lascars who have to pump all water up to the tanks in the first instance, and then supply the building by carrying the water in buckets to bath rooms, cook-houses, &c. He added that since the new light burns oil of a lower flashing point than the heavy mineral oil which was burnt in the old fixed light a constant plentiful supply of water is now more necessary than before and he requested sanction to the estimated expenditure of R. 1,350 for the purpose of erecting a Wind-Mill pump on the island and for raising the present fresh water supply tanks to top of the building, with necessary connections to bath rooms, &c., the cost being met from Savings on "Passages to Light-keepers" and from Miscellaneous Savings under the head of Kennery Light House. The necessary expenditure was sanctioned.

VESTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 19th Sept. 1902.	Total from 1st April to 19th Sept. 1902.	For week ending 20th Sept. 1901.	Total from 1st April to 19th Sept. 1901.
Vessels piloted into harbour	20	467	16	438
Do " out of " ...	14	472	18	482
Do transported	8	229	11	216
Do attended to	1	29	1	30
Do warped	20	1	19	

PUBLIC COMPANY MEETINGS.

THE VOLKARTS UNITED PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of this company was held yesterday afternoon at the registered office of the company, No. 7, Marine Street, Fort, Bombay, when Mr. H. Uehlinger presided. The meeting confirmed the resolution passed at the extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders held on the 17th September last. The resolution was as under :—That article cus of the memorandum of association be altered so as to empower the company to erect ginning factories, and purchase ginning factories, and also to purchase and sell cotton and "Kappas".

THE HARVEY AND SABAPATHY COMPANY LIMITED.

An extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of this company was held yesterday afternoon at the registered office of the company, No. 4-Brue Lane, Fort, when Mr. Hirjee Asoo presided. The meeting confirmed the resolution passed by the general meeting of the company held on the 17th September last, that the following words be added to clause 102 (x) of the articles of association of the company, viz :—" Also from time to time to deposit with any exchange or presidency bank or banks in Bombay a interest so much of the cash balance for the time being of the company as shall not be required for the immediate purpose of the company, and from time to time to withdraw the same."

DIFFERENCES OF COTTON SPECULATORS.

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON A MARWARI.

BEFORE Mr. J. Sanders Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Superintendent Roberts charged Pralhad, Ganesh, Munalal, Ishwardas, Mohanlal, Shevaklal, Purshotam, and Dosa Magan, with causing grievous hurt to one Huumanbux Ramsahai, a Marwari, on the 17th September last. Mr. Dadysheth, barrister-at-law, appeared for the complainant, while Mr. J. M. Payne, solicitor, and Mr. Velinker, pleader, defended the first seven accused and Mr. R. S. Pandit, barrister-at-law, defended the eighth.

Mr. Roberts in opening the case said that both the parties were speculators in cotton. A meeting of those speculators was held on the 17th September last on the third floor of a house in Shaik Memon Street to settle some satta accounts. The meeting was attended by about 200 persons. A row ensued on account of some losses which they had suffered in speculation and complainant took a prominent part in it. He shouted out and called upon his fellow sufferers to pay ten annas only in a rupee, while the actual loss incurred was sixteen annas in the rupee. Mr. Roberts continued that it was alleged that the accused who were to profit by the transaction got enraged at it and assaulted the complainant. So far as the assault was concerned no witnesses were forthcoming and there was practically no evidence on the point.

After recording some evidence the Magistrate discharged the accused.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 3rd October 1902.

The following officers and men have been selected to represent the B.V.A at the Delhi Durbar.

Major A K Leslie	Bombardier H Royal
Sergt-Major J E Owens	Gunner G Bernard
Sergent C F Spencer	Gunner A F Cox
Sergent R B Lenahan	Gunner E Wiflower
Corporal V C Martin	Gunner A E Greene
Corporal F Haines worth	Gunner I B Martin
Corporal E Perkins	Gunner B E Mason
Bombardier G M Murray	Gunner J Moulton
Bombardier A Carnall	Gunner G Williams

2. The following member having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps from the 30th September 1902, and posted to No. 1 Sub-division, No. 3 Company :—No. 881 Gunner W C Lintoll.

By Order,
G. STODDART, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

THE WEATHER.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

SIMLA, OCT. 2.

Thursday.—Pressure has risen slightly to briskly in Burma, and has been steady on the East Coast of the Peninsula. The depression in the Bay has probably developed in a cyclonic storm, and is now apparently advancing in a north north-westerly or north-westerly direction. Wind observations at the coast station appear to show that the central area of the storm is about 300 miles to the west-south-west of Gopalpore. Light to moderate showers have fallen in Burma and a few light scattered showers elsewhere. Thayetmyo has received two and a half inches, Moalmein one and a half, Lashio, Minbu and Yamethin one, and Satna half an inch. Rain may commence during the next 24 hours in Orissa and Lower Bengal.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER CROP REPORTS

2ND OCTOBER.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Crop prospects generally good.

Hissar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton picking commenced. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Mooltan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton picking of first sowing partially begun. Rapeseed being sown. Gingelly doing badly.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening.

Agra.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton picking partially begun.

Cawnpore.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Beawar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants flourishing.

Amraoti.—Showery. All crops doing well.

Khamgaon.—Continues cloudy. Cotton plants showing bolls. Food grains doing well.

Dhulia.—Cloudy and unseasonable. All crop doing well.

Jalgaon.—Mornings cold and and dewy. Cotton crop excellent.

Broach.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Nights getting cool. Cotton plants flourishing. Food-grains and all crops doing well. Crop prospects generally good.

Viramgam.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy.

Wadhvan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing. All crops doing well.

Dholera.—Bright, no sign of rain. Morning cold and dewy. Cotton sowing begun.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Mornings cold dewy. Cotton plants flourishing. All crops doing well.

Barsi.—Showery. Sufficient rain fallen generally. Cotton prospects much improved. Rabi sowings progressing favourably.

Sholapur.—Drought still continues. Rabi sowing progressing favourably.

Hubli.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Mornings cold and dewy. All crops doing well.

Bellary.—Cotton plants could scarcely look better. Food-grains doing well.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla	Esplade.	Fort.	Colaba
	In Cts.	In. Cts.	In. Cts.	In. Cts.
Previously registered.....	64 62	68 64	69 11	70 37
Thursday, Oct 2,.....	00 50	00 40	00 44	00 00
Total.....	65 12	69 04	69 55	70 37
Total fall to Oct 2 1901.	90 28	84 50	87 48	74 37
Total fall to Oct 2 1900.	72 77	73 49	73 31	69 12

(MESSRS. KEMP & CO.'S)

	In.	Cts.
Previously registered.....	65	68
October 2nd, from 6 a.m. to 6 a.m.....	0	00
Total.....	65	68

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON THURSDAY, THE 2ND OCTOBER.

SUMMARY.

Pressure changes have been small and irregular, but it is uniformly high and much above the normal over the whole reporting area.

Winds are very variable in direction, but are from N. E. and S. E. at the majority of the reporting stations. The force has been moderate to light generally, but fresh at Goa,

Temperature.—At Amraoti and Ahmednagar the maximum is from 7° to 10° in defect of the normal for the day and at Bijapur, Bellary and Coimbatore it is from 5° to 6° in excess. The minimum is 7° in defect at Sirsa. Elsewhere veriations are small. The temperature ranged from 103° at Jacobabad to 63° at Sirsa.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is clear except at Malegaon, Sholapur, Mangalore, Masulipatam, Trichinopoly and Colombo, where it is cloudy to overcast. Humidity shows a considerable increase at Delhi, Bhuj, Jaipur and Madgalore and has very largely decreased at Amraoti.

Rain.—About a quarter of an inch fell at Nagpur and very light showers at Saugor, Khandwa, Amraoti, Aurangabad and Colombo.

Weather.—With high pressure anomalies the weather will remain fine and settled over nearly the whole country.

G. T. W. OLVER,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 1st October, 1902.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 dex. Fah. ..... inches	29·888
Temperature of the Air ..... degrees	82·0
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77·2
Dew Point	75·5
Relative humidity of Air	0·811
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10) ...	1·8
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m.) next day ..... degrees	87·5
Minimum do. do. read at 8 a.m.	77·4
General Directions of wind ... NNE, ENE, NW, NNW, N.	
Movement of Wind in 24 hours ..... miles	199
Fall of Rain	0·00
Total fall during month	00·0
" year	70·37
Additional fall of rain up to 8 a.m. of 2nd October ...	0·00

*From midnight to midnight.

N. A. F. MOOS,
Director Government Observatory.

RIOT AT A HOCKEY MATCH.

TROUBLE BETWEEN MADRAS SEPOYS.

THE Madras Army Hockey Tournament final was played on the evening of the 29th ult. at Secunderabad between the 24th Madras Infantry and the 5th Madras Infantry, who previously played a pointless draw. The match was replayed with

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THE LARGEST

THE BEST.

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ENAMELLING A BICYCLE	12	0

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BOMBAY AND POONA.

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IF sufficiently supported, the *Bombay Gazette* propose to bring out a small neatly bound STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE, covering all RATES in 32nds, both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3 3-4*d.* to 1-4 23-32. The Book will, it is thought, supply a long felt want, as since the stoppage of the free coinage of silver rates have varied well within those given both for demand and six months' Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"*" All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1902.

LORD RONALDSHAY'S TRAVELS.

LORD RONALDSHAY'S "Sport and Politics under an Eastern Sky" is a young man's book for young men. An enthusiastic London correspondent, ignorant of the precise position occupied by Lord Ronaldshay in India, jumped to the conclusion that it was a weighty contribution towards the solution of a difficult problem, and went to the expense of wiring out the thrilling fact that the work had been given to the world. The A. D. C.'s of an Indian Viceroy are not frequently chosen to journey forth on political missions. A man who possesses agreeable manners, can sing a song, play polo or take the part of a walking gentleman in amateur theatricals, has all the qualifications desirable in an A. D. C. Political intelligence is not expected of him. Indeed, it is not desirable. Doubtless, Lord Curzon would have been better pleased if Lord Ronaldshay had confined his remarks to the scenery, to personal experiences, and to sport, for whatever opinion his lordship expresses with regard to more weighty matters, our neighbours will regard as inspired by Lord Curzon of Kedleston, who, as Viceroy, must be more diplomatic than he was as George Nathaniel Curzon. "Fifty years ago," writes Lord Ronaldshay, "the aggressive policy of Russia in the East was summed up by Lord Palmerston, as is pointed out by Krausse, in the following words :—'The policy and practice of the Russian Government has always been to push forward its encroachments as fast and as far as the apathy or want of firmness of other Governments would allow it to go ; but always to stop and retire when it was met with decided resistance, and then to wait for the next favourable opportunity to make another spring on its intended victim. In furtherance of this policy, the Russian Government has always two strings to its bow—moderate language and disinterested professions at St. Petersburg and London ; active aggression by its agents on the scene of operations. If the aggressions succeed locally the St. Petersburg Government adopt them as a 'fait accompli' which it did not intend, but cannot in honour recede from. If the local agents fail, they are disavowed and recalled, and the language previously held is appealed to as a proof that the agents have overstepped their instructions.' Russian policy in these respects", says he, "is the same to-day as it was fifty years ago". Lord Ronaldshay finds much to say in condemnation of Russian statesmanship and says it very plainly. He speaks more plainly still of Russian duplicity and bad faith concerning which he has very strong feelings. Lord Ronaldshay is 26, Sistan, he tells us, is a tumble-down, dilapidated mud city that has the appearance of having dropped haphazard in the middle of a vast and cheerless plain, but is beginning to awaken from a long sleep, partly owing to the presence of energetic English and Russian consuls. But, says Lord Ronaldshay, for long Russia has been stealthily eating her way into Khurasan, stretching out her tentacles, and slowly but surely closing them with an iron grip on her luckless victim, who is quite powerless of herself to resist. Khurasan once a Russian Province,—the Northern half is little more save in name even now,—her next step would be to absorb Sistan, which without external opposition would fall an easy prey, as anyone who has the most superficial knowledge of the Persian and the recent history of his country must indubitably admit, whence she would be in a position to make her way to sea and the outlet of which she is so anxious to be possessed." All this has been said before. But enough of Lord Ronaldshay as a politician.

Let us give him his due as a traveller and a sportsman. As a traveller Lord Ronaldshay is observant, and as a sportsman both keen and competent. He started from Simla, travelling overland in winter via Quetta and the Sistan-Nushki route and via Meshed, from which place, by the help of the necessary passports, the Russian military railway in Transcaucasia was reached. From Chah Sardan to Tratsh, a distance of twenty-four miles, says his lordship, the road lay over a vast plain of black gravel, with a horizon on the South and West like the sea, but broken on the North by rocky hills. "I found little to call for remark as I rode along this dreary waste. Vegetation there was none ; but here and there curious excrescences of sand caught the eye—low rounded mounds, sometimes in irregular patches, but more often in regular lines, looking from afar like chains of intrenchments, stretching across the plain. Beyond this, nothing but miles and miles of black gravel, the dreary monotony of which was enhanced by a leaden sky overhead." The journey has been accomplished before and Lord Ronaldshay does not lay claim to have opened up much new ground. But he had sporting experiences which were all his own. He has the pen of a ready writer. In front sand, behind sand, writes he, describing a typical day spent journeying through the mountain, "and on each side sand ; overhead a brazen sky from which blazed down the sun with pitiless fury, the thin dry air affording no protection from its rays. I gazed round in vain in search of something on which to rest my weary eye. Far as the eye could see in every direction lay masses of dry burned-up sand, broken here and there by huge mountains of shale and gravel, resembling nothing so much as monster ash-heaps. Behind me panted and groaned the yaks with the baggage, under stress of the heat and drought,—for rain is here unknown or nearly so, and all the snow that is going to melt having done so, water is scarce and only to be found in places,—harmonising with the general monotony of their surroundings by never exceeding the monotonous pace of two miles an hour. At length a bright speck caught my eye, glittering in the dull setting of the chaos all round. As we approached, the speck grew larger, till it resolved itself into a large lake. How clear and cool it looked ! how tempting for a long drink ! But, alas ! it was salt and villainously bitter, and consequently quite undrinkable. Truly the waters of Mara—a salt lake of 15,000 feet above sea-level." Yet another piece of fine writing is inspired by Lord Ronaldshay's loss of his followers. He is standing on ground where but a few days before a European signaller and seven or eight natives had been swept away in an avalanche. Darkness settled down ; a blizzard raged outside the hut and anxiety brought on terrible and sickening fear which refused to be shaken off. The fear of death is born in us, he writes ; "and he who can honestly say that he fears not death is more than human ; yet to look death in the face, when circumstances force it before our vision, is to be moved by something besides our natural feelings of terror. In the realisation of the nearness of the angel of death, the distorted picture of life we are so accustomed to see by the light of our daily lives is suddenly straightened ; the greater issues at stake assume their true proportion, and the trivialities to which we are wont to attach so much importance as too often to fill up the whole of the picture, for once fall back into proper focus, and we see things as they are. I well remember, and hope I shall never forget, the feelings with which I was filled as I stood on the ploughed-up mass of snow from which had but lately been dug the bodies of the victims of the avalanche, and in that moment knew that it was in greater hands than man's that the threads of our lives are held."

Lord Ronaldshay's narratives of sport are at times thrilling. The very reading of them will lead to a large expenditure on gunpowder and shikar equipment and leave across the border. He shot ibex and markhor and nyau. Meeting his first ibex, Lord Ronaldshay fired without result. The beast though not hit seemed bewildered, bolted and then stopped. A second barrel brought him down, soon to be followed by his mate brought to bay by the cries of a servant in imitation of those of a chital. Down he came flying backwards through the air into a nulla of snow several hundred feet below. The slaying of the spiral horned markhor is well told. Lord Ronaldshay saw his first standing on a narrow ledge of rock with his head thrown back in bold defiance. A great shaggy beard hung down to his knees, while over his shoulders spread a massive pair of horns, giving him a truly majestic appearance. The shikari had not been watching him very long when he began moving down with the rest of the herd to the bottom of the nullah, which afforded a fair chance of cutting him off. Away they went well hidden by a bend in the nullah-side till within about 200 yards of the head, by [illegible] down in the nullah bottom, when an objectionable doe got wind and started the whole herd up the opposite bank. Luckily, the ground was of a nature which even a markhor could only negotiate at a moderate pace, and after several rather wild shots the last cartridge in the magazine brought him crashing down till he was caught by a projecting rock. The reader is carried by Lord Ronaldshay far away in the mountains when he writes of sport. The pity is the book was not confined to sport.

SHIPPING SUBSIDIES.

IT is not a matter for wonderment that the first feeling in regard to the British Government's agreement with the Cunard Company should be one of surprise. Mr. Morgan's operations compelled the public and the Government to realise that action was necessary to prevent the control of other important lines besides the White Star, passing into American hands. But it is a surprise to find that the Government have risen to the situation, and have concluded an arrangement which, so far as they are concerned, cannot be condemned as illiberal. Indeed, as to-day's telegrams indicate, there is a tendency in shipping circles to temper satisfaction with the new policy by criticism of the generosity with which it is being carried out. The Morgan trust and the support which foreign Governments give to their mercantile marine, have produced an entire change of British opinion on the question of shipping subsidies, but that does not preclude careful consideration of the extent to which they may be necessary. There is a complaint that the grant of £150,000 to the Cunard Company handicaps tramp steamers, but for the present the Government regard the question solely from the point of view of the Admiralty. It has not yet occurred to the British authorities to encourage commerce carriers in the manner of certain Continental Governments ; and it has therefore to be asked what the country secures in return for the liberal aid to be given to the Cunard Company? For a complete answer we must wait until the full terms of the agreement are received, but it appears clear that the subsidy is entirely in consideration of the Cunard fleet being made available as auxiliary cruisers. The steamers of the Company now number eighteen, representing a tonnage of 120,146. To this fleet two more vessels are to be added, and it is intended that the new ships shall be fast enough to recover the Atlantic record, recently snatched from the Cunard line by the greyhounds of the Nord-Deutscher Lloyd. The rumours that the great British company was about to be swallowed up by the Trust are dissipated by the agreement, the directors having pledged themselves to maintain the line in every respect a British concern. In the arrangement now concluded the mail contract is, no doubt, a thing apart ; and the only point to be considered is whether £150,000 a year is too much to pay for having at command for service as fast cruisers twenty of the finest steamers afloat? There may be room for difference of opinion on that point, but at least in this instance Government cannot be accused of spoiling the ship by the proverbial economy. Above all, the satisfactory aspect of the business is the revelation that the authorities are undoubtedly awake to the requirements of the situation. In reference to the agreement with Mr. Morgan, we are told that it secures that all the British companies in the combination shall remain British. What this means is that each company in the combine will sail under its original flag. As Mr. Edmund Robertson states in the "PallMall Magazine" the flag of each company, whether British or American, will be the same as before, but a foreign corporation remains the owner of all the shares in all the companies. The German companies in the Combine are in much better case, for the German subsidies precluded any arrangement by which their control would have passed out of German hands. Unless, therefore, some modification of the original form of the Trust has been made, it would seem that the arrangement with Mr. Morgan is less satisfactory than Reuter indicates.

THE HEALTH OF THE CITY.

OWING to the continued increase in the number of deaths from diseases of the respiratory system, the death rate for the city of Bombay again shows a slight increase. For the week ending Tuesday last the total mortality of the city a veraged 47·04 persons per 1000 per annum, the number of deaths amounting to 702. In second Nagpada the rate rose as high as 106·28, eight deaths being due to respiratory diseases and eight to senile decay. Mandvi, which also recorded a very high death-rate, lost 19 persons from plague and 13 from diseases of the lungs, but in Tarwadi, where the rate was also very high, only general causes can be assigned. It is encouraging, however, that although the rate has risen during the last two months from below forty to nearly fifty, it is still below the figure for last year, and also below the five years' average. In the corresponding week of last year the annual rate of mortality per thousand was as high as 57-69, and the average for the corresponding week in the past five years amounted to 52·28. As has been stated, the chief cause for discouragement was the excessive mortality from chest diseases. This head accounts for no less that 146 deaths as compared with 95 last year, and an average for the past five years of 132. Even in this respect, however, there is some reason for encouragement as there has been a correspondingly large increase in respect of deaths from phthisis. Last week only 48 deaths occurred from this disease as compared with 90 in the previous year and an average for the past five years of 115. Plague again increased in virulence. Whereas only a few weeks ago only 25 deaths were recorded as due to this disease, last week 76 deaths occurred. In Mandvi, as has been mentioned already, the disease was particularly virulent, no less than 19 cases having been reported. In Thanaswadi there were 11 cases, in Dongri 9, and in the Market 7. There was a decrease in respect of mortality from fever, 87 cases having occurred, as against 123 during the same week last year, and an average for the past five years of 104. Among the various communities, the Jains again suffered most severely, and the three deaths amongst Europeans corresponded to a rate of 12·71 per 1,000 per annum.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY is convalescent but still confined to his room. The usual weekly meeting of the Executive Council of to-day (Friday) has been postponed.

A PUBLIC meeting of the inhabitants of Bombay was held last evening in the Town Hall to consider the advisability of adopting measures in the City for the commemoration of the Coronation. The Town Hall was filled by [illegible] citizens of all communities. The Hon. Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice of Bombay, was called to the chair, and among the prominent citizens who took a part in the proceedings of the evening were four other judges of the Bombay High Court, namely, the Hon. Mr. Justice Tyebjee, the Hon. Mr. Justice Crowe, the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar. Mr. Justice Tyebjee moved the principal resolution, which was that this meeting resolves that the auspicious occasion of the Coronation Darbar, to be held at Delhi, should be celebrated by public rejoicings, festivities and illuminations throughout the City. The resolution was seconded by the Hon. Mr. Chandavarkar, and was supported by Mr. H. C. Wright, officiating chairman of the Chamber of Commerce, Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart., and the Hon. Mr. S. Rebsch. The second resolution was proposed by the Hon. Mr. Justice Crowe, and was to the effect that a committee consisting of the gentlemen (named) with power to add to their number, be appointed for the purpose of collecting subscriptions and making all requisite arrangements for giving effect to the first resolution The third resolution, which was moved by the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell, was to the effect that the Municipal Corporation of Bombay and the public in general be invited to co-operate in the arrangements for the celebration. Thanks were voted to Mr. Harkisondas Narotumdas, the Sheriff of Bombay, for calling the meeting, and to the chairman ; and the proceedings terminated amidst enthusiasm.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending September 30th was 702, giving a death-rate of 47·04 per annum per thousand, as against 57·69 the corresponding period of last year, and 52·28 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 87 died from fevers; 76, plague ; 1, small-pox ; 14, measles ; 1, cholera ; 4 leprosy ; 48, phthisis ; 69, diseases of the nervous system; 146, affections of the respiratory organs ; 55, diarrhœa ; 27, dysentry; 49, still-born; 91, old age and debility; 9, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain 23, Brahmin 30, Lingaet 1, Bhattia 2, Hindu of other caste 353, Hindu low caste 90; Musalman 155. Parsee 26, Jew 0, Native Christian 15, Eurasian 2, European 3, Negro-African 1, Budhist 0, other and unknown castes 1. The total number of births was 403 as against 360 the corresponding period of last year, and 276 the average over the past five years.

AMONG the Asiatic Independent Powers, it is believed that Siam and Japan will probably be represented at the Delhi Durbar.

THE marriage will take place at Bedford on the 5th November of Lieut. Willoughby C. Frith, R. I. M, and Mabel Jessie, the third daughter of Vety. Major J. Brodie-Mills, J. P., Fellow of the Bombay University.

MR. MEYER, who has been appointed to succeed Mr. Risley in connection with the Census and "Imperial Gazetteer," returns to the Madras Presidency in the latter part of October. His headquarters will be at Simla next spring.

THE musical comedy "Florodora" has established a record amongst pieces staged by the Simla Amateur Dramatic Club, its takings in one night having reached close on eleven hundred rupees, a sum approached but, it is believed, never before actually reached in the little Simla theatre.

IN connection with the locomotive contracts for Indian railways which have recently gone to German firms, it may, says the "Westminster Gazette", be some consolation to their English rivals to know, what we believe to be the fact, that, in some cases at least, the successful Teuton has had small reason to congratulate himself upon his bargain. Their tenders, in fact, have been cut too fine altogether.

WE regret to learn that news has reached India of the death in London of Colonel Affleck Graves, who went Home some time ago in a critical state of health. Colonel Graves was well-known in Upper India and was among those officers of the Service whose literary work was of a varied range both in style and humour. He will be regretted among a large circle of friends who admired his versatility and appreciated his many sterling qualities.

BUSHRANGERS' ROMANCE.

A MYSTERY EXPLAINED.

ALL Australians who attended the Coronation, and not a few Britishers at home, must have experienced a thrill of surprise when they learned for the first time, from a special cable from Pretoria to the "Express," that the redoubtable Dan Kelly and Steve Hart, members of Ned Kelly's notorious gang of Australian bushrangers, were still very much alive in Pretoria, and no doubt that surprise was quickly superseded by incredulity.

They well remembered that Dan Kelly and Steve Hart were supposed to have been burned to ashes in the fiery fate that levelled the Glenrowan Hotel, a bush "pub" in the little settlement of Glenrowan, Victoria, on the main railway line connecting Sydney and Melbourne. They were equally mindful of an inquest on charred remains declared to be those of the ill-starred outlaws, and that a reward of £2,000 (on the outlaws, heads) was promptly paid by a gratified Victorian Government to the army of policemen who bombarded the hotel and subsequently set fire to it.

VAGUE INFORMATION.

Therefore, writes the Capetown correspondent of the "Express", when I was somewhat vaguely informed at Pretoria by an Australian ex-Irregular that Dan Kelly and Steve Hart were still alive, the idea was scouted.

My Pretorian acquaintance—one among the thousand, at least, made in Pretoria—a few days later called me aside and assured me that I had been introduced to both Dan Kelly and Steve Hart, and that we had enjoyed together such hospitality as Pretoria affords. When one had to meet so many soldiers and ex-Irregulars, when an interview on the average did not last more than a few minutes, and when one Australian is in particular so like another Australian, it is little wonder that not one I had met struck me as a one-time bushranger.

I, therefore, invited my persistent acquaintance to point out the desperadoes of other days. His reply was that there was not sufficient gold in South Africa to tempt him to give them away. He was assured I had no such intention, and that it was no part of my duties to act the amateur detective. He said he would see them and endeavour to arrange an interview. It would all depend on them. So the subject ended for a week.

A MIDNIGHT DEPUTATION.

One night, when Pretorians, under martial law regulations, had long retired to rest, I was aroused by a knock at the door. On opening it my acquaintance, now nervous and excited, walked in. "I have brought them," he whispered mysteriously. "What's that?" I asked. "The boys." "What boys?" "Dan and Steve." "Oh ! you mean the Kellys ? Show them in," I said flippantly.

He scowled reprovingly.

He went out, and quickly returned with a deputation of two men of middle age, athletic keen-eyed, sunburnt, firm-featured, typical Australian bushmen, who evidently knew what roughing it meant. There was no necessity for introductions. It was quite true I had met or nodded to them a score of times before that night. I did not know them, however, as "Dan Kelly" and "Steve Hart." They sat down, and made themselves at home.

"Now, which is Dan Kelly ?" I asked. "Here," said the darker-complexioned of the two ; "but you must not say that name again." "And don't say mine, either," said Steve Hart. "What ! Are you afraid ?" "Well, we don't want it known," said Kelly. Then he added earnestly, "You promise never to mention this ?" "But why did you come to me ?" "Well, he"—pointing to the acquaintance—"persuaded us. Now, you promise that, or by——" His voice was husky, and I interrupted. "You needn't fear, for, in the first place, I have only your word for it, and, in the second place, I have no ambition to court the anger of the Kellys." "Well, that's all right."

DAN KELLY SOLVES THE MYSTERY.

A bottle was opened, pipes were filled, and long after midnight Dan Kelly, who had listened enthusiastically to stories of Ben Hall, Frank Gardiner, Gilbert, Burke, Vane, O'Meally, and other earlier Australian bushrangers, combed his bushy hair with his fingers, and said :—"I don't mind you using this if it's worth while, but not before, say, three weeks, and we're safe away. Steve and me and Ned and Joe Byrne was in that hotel all right. Ned got away, and we was to follow him, but Joe was drunk, and we couldn't pull him together.

"When we wasn't watching, Joe walked outside and was shot. After that two drunken coves was shot dead through the window. They wanted to have a go at the police, so we give them rifles, revolvers, and powder and shot. The firing where they fell was too hot for Steve and me to reach them so our rifles and revolvers was found by their remains. This was why they thought we was dead. I'm sorry these coves didn't take my tip and go out with a flag, but they had the drink and the devil in them. I think Joe's recklessness maddened them.

"Well, me and Steve planned an escape. We was in a trap, and had to get out of it. We had with us, as we often had, traps' (police) uniforms and troopers' caps and we put them on. We looked policemen in disguise all right, I tell you. The next question was how to leave the pub quietly. A few trees, bushes, and logs at the back decided us. We crawled a few yards and then blazed away at the shanty just like the traps. We retreated slow from tree to tree and bush to bush, pretending to take cover. Yes, cover from Steve and me !

THE ESCAPE.

"Soon we was among the scattered traps, who, no doubt, reckoned we was cowards. But we banged away at the blooming pub more than any of them. The traps came from 100 miles around, and only some know'd each other. So how could they tell us from theirselves ! We worked back into the timber and got away. Soon afterwards we saw the pub blazing. Then we thanked our stars we was not burnt alive. Well, we got to friend's—a shepherd's but ; and we stayed there days.

"The shepherd brought us the Melbourne papers, with pages about our terrible end—burnt up bodies and all that sorts of stuff. We heard of Ned's capture and we was both for taking to the bush again ; but the shepherd made us promise to leave Australia. He found us clothes and money. We got to Sydney, and shipped to the Argentine. We've had a fairly good time since, and ain't been interfered with. We don't want to interfere with anybody either.

A few years ago we crossed to South Africa. The war broke out, and not having work, we went to the front. We had some narrer escapes, but nothing like the narrer escape from that pub. We're off in an hour or so, but we don't want the world to know where. You can say what I told you, but wait three weeks or a month. Now, listen! If you give Steve and me away, this little thing in the hands of a friend of mine, will blow you out"—and he put the point of his revolver almost into my eye. I looked at him sharply, and the awful glare in his eyes convinced me he meant it.

Six weeks later I was surprised to encounter Dan Kelly and Steve Hart in Adderley-street, Capetown.

Dan Kelly said : "Well, you kept y'r promise. We haven't heard nothing. You may write what you like after to-morrow."

I did not inquire their destination, and they did not volunteer the information.

THE passing of the extreme sentence of the British law upon Joseph Gouin, for the wilful murder of an unfortunate coolie is, we believe, the first instance of the kind in the history of Singapore. Hitherto Malays, Chinese and Asiatics of all kinds have been sentenced to death, but never a European.

THERE appears in the annual report of the Imperial Anglo-Indian Association a statement that the Council submitted a Memorial to the Viceroy praying for an enquiry into the affairs of the Uncovenanted Services Family Pension Fund, and that "an ad interim reply has been received from the Government of India, stating that the Memorial has been forwarded to the Financial Department for needful action." We are in a position to complete the story. The Council of the Imperial Anglo-Indian Association (which has nothing whatever to do with the affairs of the Fund) has been told by the Government of India in the Finance Department, in terms of extreme politeness, that the matter is not one which concerns them in any way.

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE EDUCATION BILL.

HAMBERLAIN'S EXTRAORDINARY MOVE.

CNFERENCE WITH HIS CONSTITUENTS.

PREPARING TO DROP THE MEASURE.

LONDON Oct. 2

Mr Chamberl in has summoned a private conferenceof his constituents on the 9th inst. to discuss thei objections to the Education Bill.

[irmingham has been always noted for its support of se School Board system and indeed for its Radical an Nonconformist views generally on all political qustions except Irish Home Rule.]

SHIPPING SUBSIDIES.

GOVERNMENT AND THE CUNARD CO.

FEELING IN SHIPPING CIRCLES.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Government arrangements with the Cunard company and Mr. Morgan are generally praised, f though there is some criticism as to the amount o the subsidy to be paid to the Cunard company, especi ally in shipping circles which complain that it handicaps tramp steamers.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, October 2.

The Englishman's London correspondent cables:—

The agreement by the Government with the Cunard Company and the Morgan Combine has been received with a good deal of astonishment though there is lively satisfaction in the shipping trade as it tends to show that Ministers are awake to the importance of helping British shipowners to keep abreast of their foreign rivals.

CANADIAN TRANSATLANTIC SERVICE.

NEW LINE TO BE ESTABLISHED.

LONDON Oct. 2.

At the annual meeting of the Canadion Pacific Railway the shareholders empowered the Directors to arrange a Transatlantic Steamship Service irrespective of whether the company gets a Government subsidy to carry mails.

THE AMERICAN COLLIERS' STRIKE.

FAILURE OF THE COAL SUPPLY.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT INTERVENES.

Owing to a coal famine, in New York resulting from the strike, President Roosevelt has invited the Presidents of the coal carrying railroads and the President of the Miners' Union to attend a conference with him regarding the failure of the coal supply which has become a matter of vital concern to the whole nation.

TRADE BETWEEN RUSSIA AND JAPAN.

A COMMERCE PROMOTING SOCIETY.

A Russo Japanese Society has been established at Moscow to promote Russo Japanese commerce. The Society establishes a mill at Minsk for weaving Japanese raw silk.

THE JAPANESE HOUSE TAX QUESTION,

LONDON, Oct. 2

The "Times" commenting on the reference of the Japanese House tax question to the Hague arbitration court eulogises the courtesy and good humour displayed by both parties and the graceful and becoming concessions on the part of the Japanese Government which show a high sense of what befits Japan as a great power.

THE DEATH OF ZOLA.

DREYFUS AND HIS CHAMPION.

A PATHETIC SCENE.

LONDON, Oct. 1.

Dreyfus visited Emile Zola's death-chamber. He was profoundly affected. He will probably be absent from the funeral on Sunday, lest his presence there lead to nationalist disorders. The Minister of Instruction represents the Government at the funeral,

THE PRUSSIAN MINISTER OF WAR.

NOT YET DEAD.

It appears that it is General von Gossler's brother who is dead and not the Minister himself.

BOER LEADERS DEPART FOR AMERICA.

EX-JAPE RAIDERS TO LECTURE,

The Boer leaders Kritzinger, Fouche, and Joubert have sailed for England en route for the United States where they will lecture.

RUSSIA AND MANCHURIA.

EVACUATION OF THE SOUTHERN PROVINCE,

TROOPS DEPARTING.

Russian advices from Kharbin, state that the Russian troops are beginning to evacuate southern Manchuria.

LORD SALISBURY.

Lord Salisbury has left Lucerne for Beaulieu.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.

RETURN OF THE BURMESE REPRESENTATIVE.

LONDON, October 1.

The Burmese Representative to the [Coronation sils in the Warwickshire on the 9th instant.]

THE FAMINE.

FURTHER REDUCTION IN NUMBER ON RELIEF.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT,)

SIMLA, Oct, 2.

A further decrease of 38,145 has taken place in the numbers under famine relief in Western India thus reducing the total in receipt of Government assistance in this country to a quarter of a million.

Relief works are now practically shut up everywhere but in the Bombay Presidency and its Native States, Baroda and Ajmer.

THE SERVICES.

Mr. Patch, deputy examiner, Public Works Accounts, Hyderabad, is granted three months' leav from 25th instant.

Mr. W. A. T. Carnduff, from Madras, is appointed examiner, Public Works Accounts, Hyderabad.

CRICKET AT POONA.

POONA, October 2,

A cricket match is being played at Ganeshkhin between players of Kathiawar and Poona. The visitors won the toss and sent in the home team first to bat. The Poona players made 171 runs in their first innings, Kathiawar scoring 108 runs for the loss of six wickets. The match will be completed to-morrow. The following are thescores :—

GANESHKHIND.

1st Innings.

Captain Greig, b Bapasola	10
Captain Wood, b Ogad	23
Mr Sprott l-b-w b Shivlal	15
Major Quinton, c Shivlal, b Ogad	74
Colonel Croly, c Shivlal, b Ogad	6
Sergeant Fellis St Bapasola, b Shivlal	2
Mr Murroe, b Shivshanker	8
Br Winterbottom st Shivlal, b Ogad	21
Mr Macqueen, c Javersine b Shivlal	8
Mr Rodrigues, not out	3
Mr Sergent A cent	
Extras	17
Total	171

KATHIAWAR.

1st Innings.

Kincaid run out	10
Oghad, b Wood	1
Vajiratnglee b Wood	8
Shivlal b Wood	0
Waddington c Sprott b Murray	12
Bapasola not out	36
Jorawarsinglee c Croly b Greig	40
Hemu, Lakhje, Bharucha, Shivshanker — to bat	
Extract	1
Total	108

RACING AT POONA.

The members of the Poona and Kirkee Hunt held their point to point races this afternoon near Lohogan. The attendance was large and Lord Northcote was present.

Poona Hunt Cup—Prize: Silver cup presented by Col. Sheringham. Distance about 4 miles.

Mr Farber's Ginger, 12st .....Owner 1
Capt Parry's Grand Master .....Owner 2
Mr Wood's Miss Milligan 12st .....Owner 3

Also ran Badger (12st.) Dawn (12st). Dawn got the best of start; at the home turn Badger toook the lead and won, Ginger being second. The objection being lodged that Badger had not gone round the last flag, the horse was disqualified and the race given to Ginger.

Shropshire Light Infantry Cup.—Distance three miles.

Capt Eton-Evan's Tobby, 11st 10lbs Mr Cooper 1
Mr Cassim show's Hector, ... Mr Leader 2
Major Butler's Spanker ..... Owner 3

Also ran The Bear Taffy Tommy, The Rat; there had been a good start, Bear leading at some distance when the horse fell; Capt. Baine's Tommy and Taffy also fell. The race was won by length.

EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE AT DHARWAR.

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THE KAISER AND THE BOER GENERALS.

THE FEELING IN ENGLAND.

GERMAN PRESS SURPRISED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT,)

CALCUTTA, October 2.

An "Englishman's" special cablegram dated London the 1st inst. states :—

The German press expresses surprise at the indignation felt in England at the report that the Emperor intends to receive the Boer Generals.

NEWS IN ADVANCE OF THE MAIL.

THE BOER GENERALS TOUR.

CHAMBERLAIN AND BOTHA.

COLOMBO, Oct. 2.

Telegrams to the Australian papers just received here include the following :—

It is stated in official circles at Brussels that Mr Chamberlain, during a private conference he had in London with Botha, showed the Boer leader the greatest good will and promised to do his utmost to increase the amount of financial aid given by Great Britain to ruined burghers.

Dr. Kuyper, Premier of Holland, who early in the year sought to mediate between England and the Boers, insisted upon the Boer General's abandoning Kruger's irreconcilable policy; and owing largely to his counsel the Generals decided not to follow the lead of the ex-president.

The Boer Generals are conducting negotiations with Banking Companies in the Netherlands for the establishment in South Africa of a Mortgage Bank from which the burghers may obtain financial help at low rates of interest.

Cronje in a letter to friends in Europe says :—"However painful the surrender, the Boers must recognize in it the inscrutable wisdom of the Almighty and resign themselves to submission, even though they did so with the bitterness of death in their souls."

ARTILLERY RE ARMAMENT.

POWERFUL NEW GUNS.

The "Daily Express" asserts that the War Office is about to inaugurate a sweeping scheme of Military re-armament which will include providing the Royal Horse and Field Artillery with batteries unprecedentedly powerful, and with quick-firing guns fitted with mechanism of new design, minimising the labour in working the weapons and lessening risks to Gunners from exposure to an enemy's fire.

FRANCE AND ITALY.

M. PELLETAN'S INDISCRETION.

PUBLIC FEELING AGAINST THE MINISTER

The French people are annoyed with M. Pelletan the Minister of Marine, for having in his speech at a banquet at Ajaccio laid emphasis on the strategical value of Corsica from a Naval standpoint, and for having remarked that from ports on the East Coast, when they were fortified, France would be able to aim straight at the heart of Italy. The Paris journals have apologised for M. Pelletan's heedlessness.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

SIMLA, Oct. 2.

Lieutenant Lewis, 1st Cameronians, has applied to resign his commission.

Captain F. S. Brereton, Army Medical Corps comes out for service in India.

2nd Lieutenant Wayman, West Indian Regiment joins the Staff Corps, Bombay.

Volunteer officers wishing to attend the Delhi Manœuvres at their own expense will be allowed to do so on the same conditions as officers of the regular army.

Passenges home will no longer be granted by Government to families of officers proceeding to South Africa or China.

The Chitral relieving column has started on their march northwards from the Swat Valley and reached Sarai yesterday; all was well.

The Transport Pentakota from Hongkong arrives at Calcutta on the 11th instant with captain Cooper of the Medical Store Depot, Postmaster Angelo; Lieut. Steward of the 57th Field Hospital, Lieut. Maclean of the Ordnance Dept., Major Grimston of the Staff Corps Lieut. Colonel Faithfull 21st. Punjab Infantry Vet. Capt Axe Captains Burrell and Dansey of the 15th British Field Hospital Captain Dunsford and Lieut. Cumming of the 2nd Rajputs. Lieut. Vickers of the 10th Jats and Telegraph Medical postal ordnance, Transport and other details.

ANNA GOTTSCHLING, of Breslau, the widow of a post office official, has been taking Mme. Humbert as her pattern. She spread the report that she had inherited £25,000 from an Italian relative, and borrowed on it. A hotel proprietor in Carlsbad was taken in by her statement, and lent her £8,000. Altogether she obtained about £12,500. She was less lucky than her French sister: she was arrested.

Of late there has been considerable correspondence in the London press with reference to the use of tobacco as a disinfectant, and even the "Lancet" has thrown in the weight of its evidence with reference to the usefulness of the weed in this relation, but it has remained for a trade journal to advocate the use of tobacco as a preventative of cholera and smallpox. One writer says that the virtues of the "poor man's friend" in the prophylaxis of infectious diseases is not a recent discovery, for it is recorded that at the time of the Great Plague of London, every child had to take a pipe and tobacco to school, and in an interval between lessons, both masters and pupils lit up. Another advocate of tobacco says he has been engaged in the cigar trade for nearly sixty years, and has never known a cigar maker or tobacco cutter contract either cholera or small-pox If persons do not smoke, he recommends them to burn a little tobacco in their rooms every morning before rising.

THERE is a good story going the rounds anent the Coronation Decorations of H. M. S. Algerine, which celebrated the occasion at the out-of-the-way port of Pahang. Some of the officers were in the bungalow of Mr. Fleming, the District Officer, where they were engaged in the seasonable pursuit of signifying the same in the usual manner, while they viewed the good ship, gaily decorated with a stream of bunting from fore to aft, riding lazily in the Roads. The bunting had just been slung out, and they were all observing how nice it looked, and how good it was to have a warship ready and willing to come up on great occasions and display the might of Empire at Pahang, when Mr. Fleming's head Krani came in upon them. He pointed to the sloop of war ablaze in her holiday frills and furbelows. "This signal no blong plopa," said he. "No can find in Signal Book."

FOOTBALL.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA RUGBY TOURNAMENT.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA vs. R. A. (Colaba.)

ALTHOUGH the play last evening in the Bombay Gymkhana Rugby Football Tournament was hardly of such an excellent character as that of the first game of the tournament on the previous evening, still the game proved highly interesting. The contestants, the Bombay Gymkhana and the R. A. (Colaba), were pretty well acquainted with each other's strength, having met a good many times before in practice matches, and though in those matches the Gymkhana had certainly had the best of the exchanges, the relative form of the two teams did not seem to warrant such a signal defeat of the Gunners as was witnessed. The Gymkhana, who proved all too fast with forward rank for their opponents, ran out winners by four goals and one try (23) points to nil, and thus earned the right to enter the final with the Welsh Regiment, which is to be played to-morrow night.

Arnott started for the Gymkhana from the Colaba end. The game proved very fast. Harvey picked up cleverly from a scrimmage and passing well out the ball was rushed down, but Tucker tackled well. Sargent got away again and the ball was again dribbled into the Gunners' 25, but Sandford kicked out. The game was shortly afterwards stopped for some time, Logan of the Artillery being hurt. Stabborn play by the R. A. forwards again saw the ball in the Gymkhana 25, but the ball was well gathered and handed out across the Gymkhana left wing. Sargent gathered the ball and passing well out to Thomson, the latter player got right through and scored between the posts. Arnott converted and the Gymkhans were thus placed five points ahead quarter of an hour after the commencement of the game. For a time neither side could get away, the Gymkhana forwards showing an unwillingness to part with the ball. At length from a scrum Harvey picked up and started away, but was well tackled within the Gunners' twenty-five and Blair kicked away. Marryt then started the forwards again and handing on to Shanks, the latter player ran close up to the line. Kendall then picked up the ball and scored another try, Arnott again putting well between the posts and increasing the lead of the Gymkhana to 10 points. Half time arrived without any further score.

An attempt to get away on the part of the Gunners saw the ball again transferred into their quarters. Sanford touched down and Sargeant picked up the ball and got well with the Gunners 25 before he was tackled by Tucker. A moment later a penalty was handed the Gymkhana, but Arnott who took the shot failed to score. Subsequently Bromley got hold of the ball and running down passed out to Sargent who handed on to Ward. The latter got clear away and again scored between the posts, Arnott converted. For a time play was more open; but at length Sargent resuming the tactics he had adopted so successfully a minute or two before again passed out and another fine burst by the Gymkhana forwards resulted. He was well tackled however and the ball was kicked down the field. About this point in the game the referee sent one of the Gunners off the field. Another penalty was awarded the Gymkhana but Arnott again failed to score the wind carrying the ball right away. However he gathered the ball a few minutes later and touched down the field. Tucher failed to gather the ball and it was captured by Marryatt, who passed right out to Shanks. He then ran down easily and placed the ball between posts. Arnott, however, failed to convert. This brought the score of the Gymkhana to 18 points. Shotly afterwards the forwards again got away and Ward scored another try Moore converting. Bromley soon after got down and passed out to Marryatt who was however, tackled close on the line. A series of scrimmages followed but there was no further score and the game ended :—

Gymkhana ..... 4 goals 1try (23 pts.)
R A (Colaba) ..... Nil.

The following were the teams.

Bombay Gymkhana. R. C. Blair (back) C. M. Ward, W. N. Thomson, Lieutenant Sargent, C. Bromley, (three quarters); D. Harvey, L. E. Sargent, (halves), H. B. Kendall, F. A. Chapman, T. D. Moore, A. D. Shanks, A. Marryat, A. Forks, F. R. Kerr, and P. J. Arnott (forwards) R. A. (Colaba):—Gr. Tucke, (back) Lieutenant Sandfoard, Gr. Wilks, Gr. Webb, Br Weatherall (there quarters), Br, Logan and Corpl. Ferrars' (halves); Capt. Main, B. Brake, Grs. Portill. Patterson, Watts, Humphries. Hutchison Croman (forwards).

Referee: Mr. Hebblethwaite

BOMBAY SERVICES.

MAJOR J. JACKSON, M. B., I. M. S., acting Inspector-General of Prisons, is allowed privilege leave for two months and seven days, to be followed by furlough for one year, with effect from the 19th October.

Major C. M. Cartwright, 6th Bombay Cavalry, is appointed Cantonment Magistrate at Jacobabad in addition to his military duties, vice Captain R. L. Benwell, transferred, and is further appointed a Magistrate of the First Class in the Upper Sind Frontier District.

Mr. F. C. O. Beaman, I. C. S., Judge and Sessions Judge, Poona, and Agent for Sardars in the Deccan, has been granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 16th September.

Mr. F. A. M. H. Vincent, on relief is appointed to act as District Superintendent of Police, Kolaba, pending further orders.

Mr. H. Brewin, Assistant Inspector General of Police, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. E. H. Ingle, District Superintendent of Police, Hyderabad, is granted privilege leave for two months and nine days, to be followed by special leave on urgent private affairs for three months and twenty-one days, with effect from the 1st October.

Mr. L. H. Spence, on return to duty, becomes District Superintendent of Police, Ahmednagar.

Mr. A. H. M. Ostreban. on relief, becomes District Superintendent of Police, Kaira.

Mr. D. G. Ommanney, on relief, acts as District Superintendent of Police, Hyderabad, vice Mr. E. H. Ingle proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. J. H DuBoulay, I. C. S, Assistant Collector in the district of Nasik, is appointed a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

Mr. K. W. Barlee, I. C. S. becomes Assistant Collector, Satara.

Mr. J. R. Martin, I. C. S., becomes Assistant Collector, Poona.

Mr. W. A. Wallinger, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, First Grade, has been allowed an extension of furlough for four days, and has also been permitted to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr. J. P. Lobo becomes Third Grade Deputy Collector.

Mr. T. H. Marston becomes Fourth Grade Deputy Collector vice Mr. Lobo, promoted.

Mr. J. H. DuBoulay, I. C. S., is appointed to be Assistant Collector, Nasik.

Mr. C. C. Datt, I. C. S., passed an examination in Kanarese according to the Higher Standard on the 17th September.

Mr. C. M. Baker I. C. S., is allowed furlough on medical certificate for three months.

Commander W. Mitchell, R. I. M., Port Officer, Aden, is granted privilege leave for sixty days with effect from the 5th September.

Mr. W. Peters, Senior Pilot, Aden, acts as Port Officer, Aden, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Commander Mitchell on privilege leave.

The Reverend P. H. Preston, Chaplain of Ghorpuri, Poona, becomes Chaplain of Kirkee.

The Rev. E. S. J. D'Alessio becomes Chaplain of Ghorpuri.

The Venerable Archdeacon W. E. Scott, on return from Mahableshwar, will do duty at the Presidency and visit out-stations.

License to solemnize marriages is granted to the Rev. William Franklin, of the Christian and Missionary Alliance.

BOMBAY AND THE CORONATION.

FESTIVITIES AND REJOICINGS.

MEETING IN THE BOMBAY TOWN HALL.

A PUBLIC meeting of the inhabitants of Bombay was held last evening in the Town Hall to consider the advisability of adopting measures in this city for the commemoration of the Coronation ceremonies of their Most Gracious Majesties King Emperor Edward VII and his Royal Consort Queen Alexandra. The Town Hall was well filled by representative citizens of all nationalities, among whom were Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice of Bombay, the Hon. Mr. Justice Tyabjee, the Hon. Mr. Justice Crowe, the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell, the Hon Mr Justice Chandavarkar, the Hon Mr Justice Batty Khan Bahadur M C Murzban, the Hon. Mr Ibrahim Rahimtula, the Hon Mr H S Dikshit, the Hon Mr G K Parakh, the Hon Mr. D A Khare, Messrs Jugmohandas Varjivandas, Jaffarbhoy Rahimtula, Dr. K. E. Dadachanjee, Khan Bahadur Byramjee Dadabhoy, Messrs. Hajiusuf Haji Ismail, Furdonjee Jamsetjee Parakh, Vithaldas Damoder Thackersey, Framjee Bomonjee Jeejeebhoy, K. N. Kabrajee, Mr. P. Assavaiyed, Aga Mirza Mahomed Shirzee, Dady Nussurwanjee Dady, Shums-ul-Ulama Dustoor Darab Sanjana, Messrs, Jehangir B Petit, Dhanjibhoy B Petit, Dr. Rustom N R Ranina, M. R. De Quadros, Kursondas Chubildas, Hurkissondas Narotumdas, the Hon. Sir Bhalchandra, Dr. Shantaram Vithal, Rao Bahadur Dhakjee Kassinath Messrs. S. M. Ratnagar, J Baptista, Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Chubildas Lulloobhoy, Merwanjee M, Cama, Byramjee N Serval, Tribhowandas M Nathubhoy, K R Cama, W L Harvey, S C Dhondy, Fazalbhoy Jumabhoy Lalljee, E B Khote, Hormasjee Dadabhoy, Nanabhai B Battivalla, N V Mandlik, Dharamsey Morarjee Gokuldas, M B Barbhaya, Narotumdas Morarjee Gokuldas, K N Wadia, the Hon. Mr. S Rebsch, Messrs Fairlie Barse, C C James, M Maughan V R Luxmonjee J Macdonald, N M Cama, Rt. Rev Father Dalhoff Archbishop, Messrs. Currimbhoy Adamjee Peerbhoy, Nowroji J. Gamadia Khan Bahadur Dhanji sha Karaka, and D. J. Tata, Sir Dinsha M. Petit, Bart, Dr. S. K. Nariman, Dr. Dinsha B. Master, Messrs. M. M. Jeejeebhoy, Vijbhucandas Atmaram, Messrs. M. A. Jinnah, H. S. Kemball, Messrs. H. C. Wright, J. Stevin, Khan Bahadur Vandikar, Dr N N Katrak Messrs J E Mody, K. G Desai, Tyengar, J M Dick, Raojee V J Sunkersett Dr Rustom N R Ranina, Khan Saheb Shaik Ebrahim Hafiz, Messrs Venayek Sadasiv Joeshi, Mr Hareshwar M. Joshi, Moreshwar H. Joshi, etc. Mr Hurkaandass Narotumdass opened the proceedings by reading the requisition for the meeting and called upon those present to elect their Chairman. On the proposition of Mr W L Harvey, C I E., I C S. seconded by Khan Bahadur M C Murzban C I E the Hon Sir Lawrence Jenkins was invited to take the chair.

THE CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH.

The Hon. Sir Lawrence Jenkins in addressing the meeting said: I thank you for electing me for the office of the chairman. The first duty of that office which I have to perform is to enumerate the expressions of regret received from those who are unable to attend. In the first place the Hon. Mr. P. M. Metha was to have moved one of the resolutions, but urgent business has called him away from Bombay. Then I hold in my hand a letter from Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram, who is prevented from being present owing to illness; as also a letter from the Hon. Mr. Moses, Mr. Adamji Pirbhoy, Nawabzada Nasrullakhan, Kumar Shri. Samatsingji, Mr. Sassoon J. David, Rao Bahadur Kirtikar and Mr. Bomonji D. Petit. I do not anticipate that my duties will be in any way arduous, for our purpose is one eminently calculated to secure approval and assent; it is that steps may be taken for a fitting celebration here of what bids fair to be an occasion of unrivalled splendour commemorative of a great and historical event. India, ever responsive, pays to the Throne an unstinted homage, and we here in Bombay yield to none in our loyalty to the Sovereign, a loyalty enhanced, if possible, by the remembrance of his thought for his people, which but for a short time back in silence dared and bore so much, that their hopes might not be balked. Therefore I am confident all will gladly greet the chance this meeting gives us of sanctioning a celebration in this City worthy of the occasion and the day. (Applause) I now call upon Mr. Justice Tyebji to move the resolution standing in his name.

MR. JUSTICE B. TYEBJEE'S SPEECH.

The Hon. Mr. Budrudin Tyebji moved the first resolution as follows: "That this meeting resolves that the auspicious occasion of the Coronation Darbar to be held at Delhi should be celebrated by public rejoicings, festivities, and illuminations throughout the City." He said: I do not think it will require many words from me to commend this Resolution to your acceptance. We all know the great occasion which we desire to celebrate. We are all fully aware of the great splendour and magnificence with which H.E. the Viceroy intends to perform the function at Delhi. We have read the glowing accounts of the enthusiastic manner in which the Coronation of their Majesties was celebrated in England and throughout the British Empire. The occasion is one of surpassing historic interest. King Edward VII is the first Emperor of India as Queen Victoria was the first Empress. This event marks the close of a great reign and inaugurates as, we all hope, the commencement of another reign which we trust will be equally prosperous and glorious, and equally beneficial for the Empire. (Applause) The great Darbar at Delhi will no doubt draw to that great and ancient capital thousands of people, but it is not every one who will have an opportunity of witnessing the celebration under the immediate eye of the Viceroy. Less fortunate people will have to be content with witnessing local celebrations. But these must be in keeping with the great event which they are intended to celebrate. Bombay prides itself as being "urbs prima in India," She has made good her claim to this title on many a previous occasion. Let us rouse ourselves and take care that we do not lag behind the other great cities on this occasion. Let us raise funds commensurate with the object we have in view. Let the amount be worthy of the greatness of the occasion, the splendour of the Empire the wealth and resources of this magnificent city and the spirit of its loyal citizens. This is not the time for me to go into the details of the manner in which we should celebrate the Coronation. That must be left to future discussion and must depend on the amount we are able to collect. But if only this great city and its liberal-minded and generous hearted citizens are true to themselves, there is no reason why we should not have a magnificent display as an outward symbol of our loyalty and devotion to the throne, and at the same time something of a more permanent monument worthy of ourselves and of the great and gracious Sovereign, whose Coronation it is our duty and our pride to celebrate with all the enthusiasm and loyalty and magnificence of what we are capable. (Applause)

The Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar seconded the resolution.

MR. H. C. WRIGHT.

Mr. H. C. Wright said he had much pleasure in supporting the resolution. He thought there could be no two opinions among loyal citizens in Bombay as to the desirability of celebrating the occasion. Bombay was known as a commercial city and its merchants would not be behind hand in supporting the movement. The merchants of Bombay had had many claims made upon them of late owing to plague and famine, but he was certain that those claims would not prevent them loyally supporting the proposed celebration.

THE HON. MR. REBSCH.

The Hon. Mr. S. Rebsch said he most cordially supported the resolution which had been read, and he trusted that the joint efforts of those who were to be entrusted with the arrangements would be able to supply the sinews of war and that the exertions of the committee they would be called upon to elect would result in an entertainment being given in Bombay on the 1st January that would remain in memories of all the inhabitants of the city and would specially remain in the memories of the poor and the little ones. (Applause.)

SIR D. M. PETIT.

Sir Dinshaw M. Petit in supporting the proposition said the previous speakers had dwelt so ably upon the subject that they had not left much for him to say. He hoped that the proposition would not only be carried unanimously and with acclamation, but that every citizen would act up to it loyally and in a manner befitting the prestige of the city and the proud motto it bore. They had had many visitations of plague and famine during the last few years, which had shaken the commerce and prosperity of the city, but he was sure those calamities had not in the least shaken their loyalty towards their sovereign (Applause)—a noble son of our late beloved Queen mother, whose memory would ever be enshrined in the hearts of all Indian people. (Applause) He was sure that no expression of loyalty was more welcome than that of a city whose inhabitants of various castes and creeds, putting aside their religious differences, united in expressing their sense of loyalty to their ruler over whose empire it was rightly said the sun never set. (Applause) The resolution was put to the vote and carried unanimously.

APPOINTMENT OF A COMMITTEE.

The hon. Mr Justice Crowe next proposed: That a committee consisting of the following gentlemen, with power to add to their number, be appointed for the purpose of collecting subscriptions and making all requisite arrangements for giving effect to the last resolution.

(Concluded on page 6.)

EUROPEAN NOTES.

THE GERMAN MANŒUVRES.

A FRANCO-SPANISH RAPPROCHEMENT.

POPE LEO XIII AND HIS SUITE.

PARIS, Sept. 11.

LORD ROBERTS, Mr. Brodrick, and Generals Kelly-Kenny, French, and Ian Hamilton on Monday attended the review of the 3rd German Army Corps near Markendorf. They were accompanied on the field by Colonel Waters and the German officers who were assigned the duty of attending on them. The scarlet uniforms of the British made them easily distinguishable from the other foreign guests, and they were the objects of considerable curiosity. The Kaiserin was an interested spectator of the review. She did not appear on horseback, as was anticipated, as at Posen she passed four hours in the saddle under a broiling sun, and she was by no means desirous of repeating the experience. The Emperor was in a most gracious mood, and conversed for a considerable time with Lord Roberts, who wore the ribbon of the Black Eagle on his field-marshal's uniform, and with Mr. Brodrick. It was noticed that his Majesty was most cordial in his reception of the American generals—Corbin, Young, and Wood. Lord Lonsdale was an unofficial guest of the Emperor. All the English guests who returned to Berlin after the review, are delighted with their reception, and speak highly of the bearing of the German troops. On Monday night Lord Roberts visited the opera, while the other English officers went to the Zoological Gardens, where they dined. They all attended divine service this morning at the English Church, and afterwards lunched at the mess of the Cuirassier Guards. To an interviewer of the "Berliner Morgenpost" Lord Roberts is reported to have said concerning the future of South Africa: "War is over absolutely and for ever. There may still be political difficulties, but they will soon be remedied. In a few months the country will be open to all immigrants." Asked why only British subjects are allowed to land in South Africa, Lord Roberts replied. "We must first provide for the Boer prisoners on our hands and we must also produce a more settled condition in the country. When British subjects go to South Africa to invest their money and lose it there through local troubles—well, they lose it. But if Germans do the same and lose money in the same way they run to the German Consul. We want to prevent such complications." The interview goes on to relate that General Sir Ian Hamilton here interposed, saying :—"It is really not so bad. When I left South Africa thousands of Russian Jews were arriving there. Both generals, says the interviewer, think that South Africa has a great future. General Hamilton accompanied the interviewer to the door and removing a bandage from his left wrist disclosed a wound which a Boer bullet had made—"an everlasting souvenir of South Africa," said the general with a smile.

Although Earl Roberts and the American generals and the rest of the party remained on Tuesday until nearly midnight at the reception given by Prince Albrecht of Prussia, the whole party left at 4-40 on the morning of the 9th by train for Tempel, which was reached shortly before seven o'clock. As on the previous day, horses were waiting for them, and every one of the party mounted and galloped off. Earl Roberts, in Field-Marshal's uniform, and wearing the ribbons of numerous orders, looked wonderfully fresh. He was mounted on a chestnut horse. Mr. Brodrick, as before, wore khaki. The overnight position of the two armies had changed. They were now lying opposite one another in undulating wooded country. The Red or attacking force was massed closely together. If yesterday was a cavalry day to-day was pre-eminently an infantry and artillery day. The Red army, under General Stuelpnagel, appeared to be excellently handled. At 7-15 the battle was in full swing on all sides. The hillocks and woods bristled with infantry, and as far as the eye could see bodies of troops were deploying and closing up again. This, with the flashing of guns on the distant hills, and the mechanical crackle of Maxims, all went to give a vivid impression of warfare, minus the horrors of the real thing. The Blue army endeavoured to outflank the invading army, which, concentrating upon the weakened Blue centre, drove it back. Finally, just after nine o'clock, when the order to cease fire was given, the Red army, had gained a clear advantage, and the Blue army was forced to retire towards Frankfort. The day had been superb, there being a hot sun, and the air being perfectly clear. The mimic warfare was, therefore, seen to every advantage. The Emperor, in the uniform of an infantry general, and mounted on a white charger, again acted as umpire. Round his Majesty was gathered a brilliant assemblage of foreign officers, including Earl Roberts and the American Generals Corbin. Young, and Wood. Quite a number of British officers, some on horseback and some on bicycles followed the operations. At 9-30 the Emperor's guests and the foreign attaches rode back to Tempel, and returned by special train to Frankfort. They were driven from the station to their hotels in open carriages. The Emperor and his own staff rode over to Weissensee Lake, which is picturesquely situated in wild wooded country. His Majesty intends to pass the night there in a pavilion which has been specially erected in the cavalry camp which will be pitched here for the night.

Although any idea of an alliance between Spain and a Great Power at present seems out of the question, and although Ministers and politicians have from time to time declared that Spain is resolved to maintain her neutrality, and not to show a leaning towards any particular Power, several incidents have occurred recently which are regarded as indicating a desire for more intimate relations with France. France, however, appears to have made the advances of which Spain has been the passive recipient. The enthusiastic reception accorded to the Queen Regent in Paris, by people and officials alike, the private interview between her Majesty and President Loubet, the invitation of the Prince of the Asturias to the French Army manœuvres and the honours conferred upon him, the sending of first-class French warships to meet the King of Spain at Bilbao, the appointment of M. Cambon, former Governor of Algeria, to the French Embassy in Madrid, and the unexpected and secret arrival here yesterday of Senor Leon Castillo, Spanish Ambassador to France and the fact that he was closeted all yesterday evening with Senor Sagasta—all these facts are regarded as straw indicating the direction of the political current. The comments of the French press on President Roosevelt's reaffirmation of the Monroe Doctrine are looked upon as showing that France does not overlook the relationship existing between Spain and the South American Republics, and that France in accord with Russia would support Spain in any arrangement she liked to enter into with those Republics. Perhaps, however, the most popular and practical mark of a rapprochement between France and Spain is the negotiation between the two countries whereby the Bank of Spain will open a branch in Paris, together with the formation of a combination for the adjustment of Spanish finance and the development of Spain's resources, consisting of the Bank of Spain, a group of Spanish and Parisian financiers, and the big French Railway Companies in Spain. This is considered a cleverer stroke to bring together the people of Spain and France than all political manœuvres, and the opinion is expressed that its effect should be carefully watched in England.

These days of intense heat are being made the most of by his Holiness Leo XIII. It really produces a curious effect when the Pontiff stands in the full rays of the sun in his garden and cries to his panting, perspiring suite, "Well, at least to-day you will not tell me that it is too warm. I had a chill this morning, and am only now beginning to appreciate the open air; before, it was cold!" In fact, although the Pope is the most amiable person in the world, his entourage are having a rather bad time of it just now, merely because of the difference in feeling between lean old age and stout youth. Leo XIII. has no longer any perception of heat, while cold has an immediate bad effect, so that when the thermometer is ninety eight or one hundred in the shade he at once evinces a desire for exercise, and goes on foo

from one favourite spot in the garden to another looking like an animated ghost, his followers, inwardly groaning and outwardly glowing, doing the same most dejectedly. One of them, a certain priest of comfortable proportions, has lost many pounds within a few weeks, but his protests, which of course are feeble, fall on deaf ears. One day the answer is, "My dear X., you are looking pale and thin, what you need is exercise, just come with me!" Another time he is met with, "You need sun and air, you study too much; go and walk in the sun for awhile!" Does the Pontiff understand after all, and is he having his own private joke? Anyway the other day he said, apparently apropos of nothing, "Penance is good for the soul and for the body." Leo XIII. is soon to become the possessor of what is represented to be the largest jewel in the world. It is a topaz of Brazil and will be a present from the Neapolitans on the occasion of his present jubilee. It weighs about two English pounds, and is surrounded with a rich gold setting or frame. It is 18 centimetres long by 11. 4 wide. This gem was brought to the Kingdom of Naples by Charles III. and the Bourbons later gave it to the Cariello family, whose heirs now have it in their possession, and from whom it will be bought to be given to the Pontiff, after the present owners have consulted the Count of Caserta, as it was represented to be a heirloom. On its magnificent bright surface is cut a figure of Christ breaking the Eucharist bread, the work of Professor A. Cariello, a well-known artist, belonging to the same family. The stone is so extremely hard that the work on it required a more than ordinary steady hand and clear eye. An infinite number of cutting wheels of graded sizes were used, and an enormous quantity of diamond dust. Between diamond dust, wheels, and other tools, the committee have spent over £4,000. The project is no secret to Leo XIII., who exclaimed, "I like unique things, and, above all, things beautiful to look at!"

The "Novoye Vremya" expresses much concern at the prospect that the British, after carrying the Quetta-Nushki Railway as far as the province of Seistan, may prolong it in the direction of Kirman and effect a junction with the Bagdad Railway, and thus realise their dream of uninterrupted railway communication between Europe and India. The economic importance of this means of communication will, in the opinion of the "Novoye Vremya," be very great, but its political significance will be much more considerable. A railway running from India through Baluchistan, Southern Persia and Mesopotamia to the Bosphorus, in British and German hands, would deprive Russia of all outlet in the direction of the Indian Ocean, and render nugatory her advance movement in Central Asia towards the south. Such a prospect, remote though it still appears to be, cannot fail to alarm Russians. Complaining of the harmful delays which up to the present have characterised Russian enterprise in Persia, where she has allowed her rivals to forestall her, "the Novoye Vremya" declares that the construction of the Quetta Seistan Railway compels the Russians to build their own railways in Persia, as otherwise they will not in the future be in a position to do what they can now effect. If, says the journal, we proceed immediately towards the Indian Ocean by means of these lines, concurrently with the construction of the Bagdad and Baluchistan Railways we shall appreciably paralyse our rivals, and shall not give them time to join hands, already stretched out to one another. Persia is to-day the only position which we could occupy peacefully, and whose possession will bring us on the flank of the Germans in Mesopotamia, and of the British in Baluchistan and India. Prompt action must be taken, however, since every delay will render more difficult the attainment of an object which historical reasons prevent us in any case from treating with disdain.

The funeral of the late Professor Virchow took place on Tuesday at Berlin with great solemnity. Prior to the funeral a service was held in the Grand Hall of the Town Hall in memory of the deceased. Scholars, members of the medical profession, Town Councillors, magistrates and members of Parliament were all present to pay a last tribute to the memory of the late Professor, who was an honorary citizen of Berlin. The Imperial Chancellor was represented by Herr Conrad, Councillor of the Imperial Chancellery. Baron von Richthofen, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Baron von Rheinbaben, Minister of Finance, and Dr. Studt, Minister of Public Worship were also present. The professors who attended the funeral included Professors Mommsen, Bergmann, and Leyden. The deputations of students, with their banners, were drawn up in a semi-circle at the back of the hall. As soon as the family of the deceased had arrived and taken their places, the Cathedral choir sang an anthem, after which the Pastor, Herr Kirmss, delivered a memorial sermon. Funeral orations were then delivered by various eminent men. Dr. Waldeger the well-known anatomist eulogised Porfessor Virchow as a Prince of Science; Herr Traeger, a deputy, discribed him as a man and a politician and Herr Kirschner, the Chief Burgomaster of Berlin, referred to the late Professor as the most worthy citizen of Berlin. The solemn ceremony was concluded by an anthem sung by the Cathedral choir. The imposing funeral procession then formed up and accompanied the mortal remains of Professor Virchow through the city to the Cemetery of St. Matthew. Immediately behind the coffin walked the Chief Burgomaster, the Minister of Public Instruction, and Herr Langerhans, the President of the Town Council. The streets were lined with crowds of people, who respectfully awaited the approach of the funeral procession. It took almost half-an-hour to pass a given point.

The outbreak on the part of the Croatians against the Servian outlanders was occasioned by a single newspaper article. It indicates how intensely jealous Croatia is of Servian freedom. Also the forthcoming Kossuth centenary revives a controversy which can hardly be said to have died. Kossuth regarded the Hapsburgs as incurable tyrants, and, in his day, he was right. But in the person of Franz Joseph, the Ethiopian changed his skin, and the rule of Austria is now infinitely less exacting than that of Prussia. One may, however, fairly ask how far such toleration will commend itself to the Emperor-King's successor, and how far the latter will secure the initial confidence which must be his, if he is to rule successfully. It is not always realised that Austria now forms an integral factor in the historic Eastern question. She is a ruler of the Balkan Peninsula in a sense which is not true of Russia. It is thus strictly relevant to mention the arrest a day or two ago of Colonel Zontcheff, who was found, by the Bulgarian authorities, to have been implicated in a Macedonian raid. There is some irony in the situation thus created. Colonel Zontcheff and the more famous Saratof respectively lead the moderate and the advanced wings of the Macedonian Committee. Zontcheff might be likened to Sir Edward Grey and Saratof to Mr. Henry Labouchere. There is, therefore, something a little humorous in the arrest of Zontcheff, an event which would resemble, perhaps, the arrest of Lord Rosebery in this country for complicity with the Irish Land League. It is a great question whether Zontcheff's branch of the Committee has anything save a skeleton organization resembling our Liberal League. One makes use of this parallel solely in order to explain a situation which was only rendered intelligible to me by a traveller, who thus exemplified the tangle of Macedonian intrigue.

Chinese Native papers report that German officers at Peking have been disturbing the graves of Prince Su's ancestors. This has given rise to much friction and unpleasantness. On one occasion the Prince was on the point of having the offenders arrested. The intervention of Hu Yu Mie decided him, however, to lodge a complaint with the German Minister. Nevertheless the soldiers continued their indignities until Prince Su was forced to call upon the Chinese soldiers to protect the graves from vassalage. As the result of an encounter, 15 men, two rifles, six pistols, five horses and ten mules were captured. The arms and animals were sent to the German camp, but the men were severely beaten before they were release d

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BOMBAY AND THE CORONATION.

(Concluded from page 5.)

The Hon Mr Justice H F Aston, H H Aga Akber Shah, Messrs. Adamjee Peerbhoy, A Abercrombie, Ahmedbhoy Habibbhoy, Abdul Hussein Adamjee Peerbhoy, E H Aitken, Ardeshir Framji Unwala, Amirudin Tayabji, Anandji Nanji Morarji, Ardeshir Framji Vakil, C H Armstrong, F C Allum, Ardeshir S F Patel, Khan Bahadur Sirdar Mir Abdul Ali, Messrs Abdullabhai Lalji, Abdeali M H Kajiji, Ahmed B Sayani, Ali Mahomed Aba Juma, Abdulla Miya Khandwani, Bomanji Dinshaw Patit, The Hon Mr Justice Badruddin Tayabji, The Hon Mr Justice H Batty, Mr Bhagwandas Narotumdas, The Hon Sir Bhalchandra Krishna Kt, Messrs. Bhalshankar Nanabhoy, Joseph Baptista, Byramji Nesserwanji Seervai, J Bezbie, Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Bapuji Sorabji Patel, Khan Bahadur Bomanji Byramji Patel, Messrs T W Birkett, Bhimrao Atmaram, D B Binning, R Branson, Beramji M Malabari, Dr F N Bisni, The Hon Mr Justice W H Crowe, The Hon Mr Justice E T Candy, The Hon Mr Justice N G Chandavarkar, Messrs Chaturbhuj Morarji, Chimanlal H Setalvad Currimbhoy Ibrahim, C W Chitty, Cursetji M Curtetji, T W Coffe, Cursetji Sorabji Patel, Curson das Chabildas, Chabildas Lalljubhoy, W A Chambers, Cursetji M Banaji, M B Chaubal, Chunilal H Setalvad, Chunilal Panalal, Dr. Cowasji Hormasji, Messrs. Cursetji N N Wadia, Cumrudin Amirudin, Cowasji Dadabhoy Dubash, Chunilal Nagindas, W E Cram, J Crummy, Leslie Crawford Camadia Ismail Cassum Col Calwell R E, Capt Carnegie, Capt Chandler, Sir Dinshaw Manockji Petit Bart, The Rt Rev Dr Theodore Dalhoff Shums-ul-Ulma Dastur Darab Peshotan Sanjana, The Hon Mr Dajl Abaji Khare, Khan Bahadur Darashaw Ruttonji Chichgur, Mr Sassoon J David, Dr Dominick A DeMonte, Rao Bahadur Dhakji Dashinathji, Lieut-Col H F Dimmock, Dr Dinshaw Bomanji Master, Messrs Dinshaw Edulji Wacha, Dharamsey Morarji Gokuldas, Dorabji Dinshaw Adenwala, Dhanjibhoy Bomanji Contractor, Damodar Lakhmidas Khimji, J M Dick, Dorab J Tata, Dady Merwanji Dalal, Dossabhoy N Wadia, Dady N Dady, Damoderdas Gordhandas Sukhadwala, Dorabji C Shroff, Dinshaw Jeejeebhoy Doctor, Dawoodbhai Moosabhai, Dinshaw D Daver, Dr Dhanjishaw N Parekh, Messrs Michael de Quadros, Dhanjibhoy Bomanji Petit Dawood Fazul Piru Mahomed, Rao Saheb Dalputram Pranjivan Khakhar, Mr S W Edgerley, Col Eccles, Mr Eknath Ragoonath Khote, Rao Bahadur Elappa Balaram, Dr Edalji Nesserwanji, Mr Edalji Merwanji Dubash, The Hon Mr M H Fulton, Messrs Fazulbhoy Visram C I E, J. Fairclough, Fazulbhoy Jumabhoy Lalji, Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy Ibrahim, Fardoonji M Kanga, C H B Forbes, Fattehally Shaik Ahmed, Fakirchand Premchand, Framji Edalji Daver, Framji C Mehta, Framji R Vicaji, D J Ferreira, Furdoonji P Talevarkhan, Dr C Fernandez, Messrs Framroze R Joshi Furdoonji S Taleyarkhan The Hon Mr Gokuldas Kahandas Parekh, The Hon Mr W Greaves, Messrs E Gray Gordhandas Gokuldas Tejpal Gordandas Khatau H G Gell, Gordhandas Sumderdas Mulji, F Gordon D H Glade, David Gostling, Gokuldas Naranji, Gulabchand Motichand Damania, John R Greaves, Herbert R Greaves, Gulam Hussein Allana, Ganpat Sadashiv Rao, W L Harvey C I E The Hon Mr W C Hughes The Rev Canon Hill, Col Hawood The Hon Mr Hari Sitaram Dikshit, Messrs Hassumbhoy Visram, Hormasji Shapurji Vakil, Harkisondas Narotumdas, Hussein S Khalil F T Hutchinson, Haji Yusaf Ali, Hormasji Edalji Allbless, Heerjee Dadabhoy Allbless, Hormasji M Chichgar, Hormasji Bomanji Jeejeebhoy, Hormasji Dadabhoy, Haji Yusaf Hajilsmail Hormasji M Massina, Hormasji Muncherji Cama, The Hon Mr Ibrahim Rahimtula, Messrs Icharam Suryaram Ibrahimbhai Hassum, Isaac Benjamin, The Hon Sir Lawrence Jenkins Kt, Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy Bart, Sir Jehangir Cowasji Jehangir Kt, Messrs Jamsetji N Tata, Jamsetji Ardeshir Wadia, Janardhan Gopal Jaffarbhoy Rahimtula Caderbhoy, Jagmohandas Varjivandas Jamsetji Cursetji Jamseji, Jehangir Bomonji Petit, Dr Jehangir J Nursetji, Messrs Jeejeebhoy E Modv, Jamnadas Mursey Khatau, Jeejeebhoy M M Jeejeebhoy, Ardeshir Seth, Jalbhoy Jehangir E Daver, Jamsetji Mistel, Jagmohandas Vandavandas Bhaiseth, A M Jackson, Jhangan Dossabhoy Framji, M A Jinah, Jehangir B Murzban, Jamnadas Lallubhoy, C C James, Shms-ul-Ulma Jeevanji Jamsetji Modi, Dastoor Kaikhushru Jamaspji Jamaspasana, Messrs Kaikhushru Nowroji Kabraji, Kalliandas Keshavdas, Karimbhoy Adamji Peerbhoy, Dr. Cowasji Edalji Dadachanji, Messrs Kawasji M Shroff, Kharsetji N Wadia, Kumar Shri Samatsinghji, Messrs Karamsey Damji, Kilachand Deochand, H V R Kemball, H S Lawrence, G R Lowndes, A Leslie, G Lund, The Hon'ble Mr J Monteath, The Hon'ble Mr J W P Muir-McKenzie, The Hon'ble Mr S M Moses, Raz Dr Mackichan, Lieut-Col C B Mayne, Khen Bahadur M C Murzban C I E, Messrs F C Macrae, James Macdonald, Mahomedbhai Karimbhai Ibrahim, Alex McKenzie, Mir Ann Ali, M Macmillan, Merwanji N Wadia, Muljt Bhawandas Barbhaya, Mirza Hosein Khan, J Morris, Khan Bahadur Mahamed H Hasan, Mr Mirza Abbas Beg, Dr. Moreshwar G Deshmukh, Messrs Madhowdas Gokuldas Patta, Merwanji Muncherji Cama, A Muirhead, McCausland S M, N C Mac Leo, G J McKenzie, Marshall Reid, Manomedbhoy Adamji Peerbhy, M N Haiderl, Mahomed Mukba, Prof: O V Muller, Messrs H J Miles, Nowroji Manekji Wadia C I E, Nowabzada Nasrullah Khan, Messrs Nowroji Jehangir Gamadia, S A Natham Nanu N Kothare, Dr Nadirshaw H E Sukhia, Nanabhai N Katrak, Messrs Naranji Dwarkadas, Narotum Morarji Gokuldas, Narayan V Mandlik, Nanabhai A Moos, Nanabhi R Chichgur, Nesserwanji H Chokaisey, Lt Col H D Olivier, The Hon'ble Mr Pherozeshaw M Mehta C I E, The Hon'ble Dr John Pollen, Messrs Premchand Roychaud, H E Procter, H M Phipson, Pestonji N Wadia, Pherozs H Dustoor, Pestonji Jehangir C I E, Nizel F Patoo, F Noel Paton, H O Quinn, The Hon'ble Mr Justice L P Russell, Mr R D Setna, The Hon'ble S Robsch, Messrs Rustom K R Kama, Rustomji Byramji Jeejeebhoy, Rahemubhoy Allana, Ratton J Tata F C Rimington, R. R. Ross, Ratansha Dadabai, Dr R Rao Mr. K. B Raikes, H H Sultan Sir Mahomed Shah Aga Khan G C I E The Hon'ble Mr Bescott, Messrs Jacob Sassoon, Silas S Sassoon Sasulalli Mamooji, Sorabji Cursetji Dhanji Sundernath D. Khote, J Sanders-Slater, C Stevens S Shelim, P B Saville, Shapurji Burjorji Bhaucha, Suleman Audul Wabed, Dr Sorab K Nariman Messrs T J Strangman, John Stiven, E M Slater The Hon'ble Mr. J. Tate Dr. Tamulji B. Nariman, Dr. John A. Turner Messrs Tribhuwandas Mangaldas Nathoobhai Tribhuwandas Varjiwandas Mudhavdas W. B. Thomson Dr. C. H. F. Underwood Dr. E. Underwood Messrs Vithbukhandas Atmaram Virchand Deepchand C. I. E. Rao Bahadur Vasanji Khimji Rao Bahadur Vasudeo Jagannath Kirtikar Dr. A. G. Viegas Mr. Vithaldas Damoder Thakersee Mulji Rao Bahadur Vitalrao Krishnaji Vendekar General Sir J. Willcocks Messrs. H. C. Wright T. D. White J. Williams H. Wright C. P. R. Young Honorary Secretaries: The Hon'ble Sir Balchandra Krishna Kt. Mr M C Murzban C I E The Hon'ble Mr Ibrahim Rahimula Messrs Harkisundas Narotumdas Sassoon J David T W Birkett Fazalbhoy Visram C I E W E Cram Dinshaw Edalji Wacha C C James Manmohandas Ramji Jehangir B Patit Vithaldas Damoder Thakersy Haji Ismail Dr D A D'Monte.

SIR BHALCHANDRA KRISHNA.

The Hon. Sir Bhalchandra Krishna in seconding the resolution said:—

It gives me sincere pleasure to second the Resolution just placed before you by the Hon. Mr. Justice Crowe. I consider it a great privilege to be associated with a movement of such national importance. Loyalty is a national virtue among Indians and the coronation of a sovereign usually makes the liveliest satisfaction and thanksgiving. To commemorate such a function by public rejoicings is a duty dear to Indian hearts. I think therefore there can be no two opinions as to the necessity and propriety of the citizens of Bombay showing their joy on the auspicious occasion of this Coronation Durbar. The citizens are sure to do their best with their own unaided efforts, but to make the public rejoicings effective, it is desirable to put forth an organized effort and carry out festivities on a scale truly commensurate with the importance of the historic occasion. Such a purpose cannot be well served except with the aid of a large representative and capable committee of citizens. The names of the gentlemen who form the committee have just been read out to you. They are sufficient guarantee that the work entrusted to the committee will be accomplished in a becoming manner. The Coronation of their Majesties King Emperor Edward VII and his Royal Consort took place in England in August last, but for us in India the forthcoming Durbar at Delhi is the ceremony which will truly bring home to us the solemnity of that great function. As loyal citizens it is our duty to evince in the best way we can the genuine sentiments of love, honour and esteem which we cherish in our hearts for the British Throne. At Delhi the ceremonial promises to be enacted on a scale which will outbid the most gorgeous splendours of the Mogul Empire. It is fitting that the celebration of the occasion of the first British Emperor to the Empire of India should be such as to make the occasion memorable in history. We cannot perhaps match the splendour of Delhi, but it will behove you gentlemen to make our festivities worthy of Bombay. The precise form which the festivities should take is a matter of detail which should be left to the committee. The first resolution which you have already adopted mentions "public rejoicings festivities and illuminations throughout the city." As the forms of the celebration, rejoicings, and festivities may take various shapes such as feast of school children feeding of the poor, fairs on the maidan. The exact forms which may be suggested will depend on the funds at the disposal of the committee. It is there fore to be hoped that the public will make a fitting response to the appeal of the committee. To carry out these objects successfully you, the citizens of Bombay, must co-operate with the committee. I venture to hope that with such co-operation Bombay will be able to put forth an effort worthy of its reputation and worthy of the great cause which is the occasion of this celebration (applause.)

The Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtula and Mr John Stiven supported the resolution, which was carried.

MR. JUSTICE RUSSELL.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Russell moved "That the Municipal Corporation of Bombay and the public in general be invited to co-operate in the arrangements for the celebration." He said this resolution is framed with a two-fold object. In the first place it is hoped that a powerful body such as the Municipal Corporation of Bombay may assist on this important occasion both by application of a part of their funds towards it and by the employment of a part of their personnel in whatever may be required, whether it be the illumination of the city or the feeding of the poor or whatever else may be decided on. It is to be hoped that neither precedent nor statutory provisions will stand in the way of their co-operation. In the next place the resolution is intended to tap the pockets of the public at large. On an occasion such as the one that is to be celebrated I hope the public at large will bear in mind the reward which the cheerful giver gains. The generous giver will also receive the grateful thanks of his fellow citizens (applause).

Mr Currimbhoy Ibrahim seconded and Mr J M Dick and the Hon Mr G K Parekh supported the resolution, which was carried.

VOTES OF THANKS.

Mr Muljt B Barbhaya proposed that a vote of thanks be tendered to the Sheriff of Bombay for convening the meeting.

Mr Hajee Yusf Hajee Ismail seconded the proposition which was carried with acclamation.

The Hon Mr H S Diksit proposed that a hearty vote of thanks be accorded to the chairman.

Mr M M Cama seconded the resolution which was carried with acclamation.

The proceedings then terminated a midst much enthusiasm.

THE BIOGRAPH AT THE NOVELTY THEATRE.

The second exhibition of the American Biograph at the Novelty Theatre proved even more successful than the entertainment given two nights previously. Last evening practically all the best seats had been booked before the entertainment commenced, and there was a capital house. The pictures were again exceedingly interesting. The Coronation pictures were provocative of delighted applause and were witnessed with the keenest interest, and there were innumerable others which occasioned as much mirth and amusement as has ever been seen in the Novelty Theatre. The matinee to-day promises to be thoroughly successful also as bookings in advance have been very heavy. The success enjoyed by the Company so far has decided the Company to stay in this city for another week. Next week, therefore, the performances will be continued and a new series of pictures is promised. Those who have attended this week will thus have an opportunity of seeing a new and possibly better programme than the one they have already witnessed.

THE BOMBAY CORPORATION AND LORD KITCHENER.

"A SORT OF DILUTED TAMMANY."

The "Indian Daily News" says: Our London correspondent states that the utmost surprise is felt in London at the refusal of the Bombay Corporation to present; Lord Kitchener with an address of welcome: but if they knew in London as much as we do in India about the "finest Municipality in the East" they would hardly have been taken aback. Since Lord Reay's Bombay Municipal Act, at the birth of which Mr. Pherozsah Metha presided as chief nurse, the Bombay Corporation has become a sort of diluted Tammany, with Mr. Metha as supreme Boss. It must be said to the latter's credit that, as a rule, he uses his autocratic power in the best interests of the city; but like most autocrats he is impatient of criticism and intolerant of independence, especially among his own race. That is why Mr. Kabraji's motion was thrown out. Had it been proposed by "Eha" or Mr. James MacDonald, in a speech in which the Parsee Dictator was soothed with a little gentle flattery, we believe the proposal would have been adopted, and Bombay saved from the ridiculous position in which she finds herself to-day. Unfortunately we all suffer to some extent by a sort of malignant reflection. Bombay is still the portal of India, and the rest of the country is, therefore, very much concerned that the keepers of the gate should know how to conduct themselves with politeness and propriety. It is hard, therefore, that the whole of civic India should suffer in the estimation of our new Commander-in-Chief, because, forsooth two Parsee citizens, well past middle age, are unable to forget the quarrels of their youth.

THE DAIWADNYA CASTE FUND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—About two years ago, the Daiwadnya Caste (Charitable) Fund was lodged in the High Court in connection with a suit filed with the consent of the Hon. the Advocate General, with the object of securing a proper management of the Fund, the benefits of which had been lost to the needy poor for nearly sixteen years. This suit was on the Board for it first hearing on or about the 10th June last but nothing is known of the hearing or of the suit up to now, though it has not been withdrawn or settled out of court. Will any of your readers kindly volunteer to inform the destitute expectants how long the authorities will allow the suit to lie in the present condition if, as there is good reason to believe, the plaintiffs and the defendants are both unprepared to go on with it? Yours, &c.,

PATEL, R. M.

Bombay, Oct. 2

HIGH COURT.—OCTOBER 3.

Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. Mr. Justice RUSSELL.

1222—Mantri and B—Govindram Bholaram vs Hiralal Ghanshamdas—Mansukhlal J and H

1226—Craigie L and C—The Advocate General of Bombay vs Kurmaly Rahimbhoy and another—Wadia and G and Thakurdas and Co.

1215—Smetham B and N—Gangabai widow and others vs Lukhmidas Bijee and others—K H Mehta for post poncment.

1224—Framjee and D—Allimahomed Nansey vs Karim Nensey and others—Matubhai J and M

1225—Matubhai J and M—Ebrahimbhoy Hassumbhoy and others vs Jamasjee Ruttonjee Misry—Smetham B and N

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice TYABJEE.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

860-00—Smitham Band N—Vithaldas Dhurandas and others vs The Municpal Commissioner—Crawford B and Co. Part heard.

713-00—Framjee and D—Jinabai vs Currimbhai Ebrahim and others—Thackurdas and Co.

421-01—Wadia and G—Rustomjee Ardesir Spencer vs Fazul Peeru Mahomed and others—M J and M.

216-00—Sorabjee and J—Amaram Vithaldas Mehta vs Kalidas Vithaldas and others—Edgelow G and W. (For trial on merits).

328-98—Thakurdas and Co—Jalkisondas Gangadas vs Runchordas Vithaldas—Edgelow G and W.

256-02—Framjee and D—Fatmabai widow and others vs Abdool Sakur—Bhaishankar K and G.

181-02—Thakurdas and Co—Ladakhbhoy Hassan vs Suleman Goolam Hoosein—Ardeshir H D and Co.

253-02—Matubhai J and M—Motilal Dayabhai and another vs Ratanji Sorabji Nasserwanjee Talati and another Wadia and G.

393-01—Wadia and G—N C Macleod vs Morarjee Anundjee and others—Little and Co.

46-01—Edgelow G and W—Runchordas Vundravandas and others vs Dharamdas Jumnadas—Tyabjee D and Co.

708-01—Ardeshir H D and Co—Merwanjee Dhunjeebhoy Merwanjee Jejeebhoy vs Sir Jehangir Cowasjee Jehangir, Knight—Nanu and H.

POONA RACES.

5TH DAY, SATURDAY, 4TH OCTOBER.

HORSES STRUCK OUT.

The Civil Service Stakes—Orion, Peninsular, Up Guards and Venedo.

The Aga Khan's Purse—Officer, Kira, Secunder, Moca and Ermook.

The Turf Club Cup—Dairy Belle, Lady Newbrook, Gentle Lady, Bijlee and Esmeralda.

The Paddock Stakes—Wards and Veera.

The Kirkee Cup—Hermit, Good Hope, Zoorai, Paladin, Sir Jamal, Dame Ethel and Tegris.

The Ghorpuri Stakes—Hatum, Paladin, Young Taiscar, Panala II, Dame Ethel and Cocab.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty, and luxury, use the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, which, Lady Constance Howard writes, is "pleasure to use, and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill, and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning.—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

A STATE BANK FOR THE UNITED PROVINCES.

A correspondent writes to the "Pioneer":—The Government have taken great interest in the matter of Agricultural Banks lending minute sums to the cultivators. This is beginning at the bottom. It is a question whether a greater amount of good is not within its easy reach by giving aid to the embarrassed proprietors themselves.

A State Bank would be a means of giving great relief, and at the same time bringing in a handsome addition to the revenues of the Provinces. What the amount of indebtedness of the landed proprietors is cannot easily be ascertained, but there is at hand a publication which shows where a beginning on a very moderate scale might be made; one which would afford a most welcome measure of relief, and at the same time bring in an annual profit of say, 1 1-2 lakhs without incurring any risk whatever.

The report of the Court of Wards of the United Provinces for the year ending the 30th September, 1901, shows a total indebtedness of Rs. 1,44,00,000. It may be taken for granted that this sum has been borrowed at 6 per cent—not lower—and that to obtain this sum from the lenders—even at this rate—a very considerable sum has had to be paid in commission. A native banker will rarely lend money without a commission of at the very least 1 per cent. The Court of Wards has under its management two hundred estates. Before these were taken under charge an exhaustive enquiry into their solvency was made, and it may be taken as accepted that the security was considered absolutely safe before the loans covering the debts were accepted.

Taking the rate of interest to be 6 per cent the yearly amount to be paid on this account comes to Rs. 8,64,000; the credit of the Government would permit of its obtaining the Rs. 1,44,00,000 at 4 per cent.—if it were to lend the amount at 5 per cent. there would be a yearly profit to Goverment of 1 per cent. bringing in an annual increment of Rs. 1,44,000. Considering the reduced interest, a commission of 2 per cent might well be charged on all loans which would afford a considerable fund for contingencies and managing charges. The relief to the indebted estates of 1 per cent would be—as shown before—Rs. 1,44,000, and the certainty of being able to obtain loans at the comparatively low rate of 5 per cent. would enable many an estate to be taken over which cannot be brought under the protection of the Court of Wards under present circumstances, as the authorities are very averse to assuming management unless it can be shown that the liabilities can be cleared off in thirty years, and thus many estates pass into the hands of the money-lender which might have been saved had money on easy terms been available. The reduction of 1 per cent. would shorten the time in which debt could be paid off by, say, one-fifth. Another saving would accrue from money being at once available. It may be taken for granted that, when an estate is taken over, it will be found that the existing debts are carrying a rate of not less then 12 per cent interest in the aggregate; if two months is taken as the time required to raise new loans, a loss of 7 per cent.-for that time has been incurred—a matter of considerable amount in the case of a heavily indebted estate. There is no doubt that estates benefit greatly by being brought under the management of the Court of Wards. Not only are improvements carried on which would not have been attempted by the proprietors, but a far greater measure of relief is afforded by the encouragement given to the tenants to construct wells and other protective improvements at their own expense, aided perhaps by takavi loans at a reasonable rate of interest, which they were formerly debarred from doing by the prohibitive "nuzzaranas" demanded by the improverished proprietor. Thus they are protected by their own efforts against the fluctuations of rainfall, are more able to pay their rents, and consequently become better tenants. In addition they are freed for a time at least from the numerous harassing illegal cesses which are exacted from them, such as a certain cho of their sugar cane—their most valuable crop—on the pretext of feeding the proprietor's elephants, a share in their bhusa to feed his cattle, and all the demands on weddings, births, deaths and domestic occurrences generally. It is probable that these are reinforced on the release of the estates, but it is doubtful if they will become ever quite so burdensome again, as the tenants will have learnt that they are really illegal and be less ready to submit unquestionably. Thus any measure which will enable more estates to be brought under the Court of Wards is a distinct gain to the Province in general, and a State Bank lending money at a reasonable rate of interest, would be a simple means to [illegible] and [illegible] of the Court of Wards it would be easy to enlarge its scope, but that may safely be left to the future.

ELECTRIC TRAM ACCIDENT IN GLASGOW.

ONE PERSON KILLED, 25 INJURED.

The most alarming and extraordinary car accident in Glasgow since the municipality introduced electric haulage, occurred on the night of September 6th at about nine o'clock. A car had reached the top of Renfield-street, one of the steepest and busiest thoroughfares in the city; but when the motorman applied the brake to stop the car, the pin came out of the handle, which fell off and caused the motorman to overbalance and fall on to the platform. Thus freed from control, the car started to run backwards down Renfield-street, and was soon travelling at about twenty miles an hour. It crashed into a Pollokshields car at the junction of Sauchiehall-street, and the impact caused the second car to run down Renfield-street, followed by the first car. Both cars travelled about 100 yards, when they struck a Dennistoun car, and the three, all well laden with passengers, swept down the hill, scattering other vehicular traffic in all directions.

Motormen and conductors appeared powerless to check the downward rush of the cars, and at St. Vincent-street, where the tramway line branches east and south, the cars were thrown off the rails, the foremost crashing into the printing and stationary warehouse of Mr. William Lorimer, wrecking the windows, doing serious damage to the stock, demolishing a street lamp, and tearing up twenty yards of the roadway.

While the cars had been travelling down the incline, many passengers clambered on to the platform and jumped off, sustaining sosip and other wounds. Twenty-six people were injured, of whom about a dozen were conveyed to the infirmary, and one woman—Mrs. Johnston, of Napiershall-street—subsequently died of her injuries. Her daughter was also seriously injured. All three cars were damaged, but within an hour and a half they were removed and traffic was resumed.

George Campbell, conductor of the car which first bolted, had a leg broken, and others badly injured were Andrew Cumming, Douglas-street; George Robertson, Possilpark; Jessie Annand, Garscube-road; Bernard Phillips, George-street; Bessie McBain, Holland-street; James McIntyre, Walmer-terrace; John Alexander, Fraserbank-street: Mrs. Ewing, Saracen-street; Catherine Robertson, Eglinton-street; and Martin Stein, Wilton-gardens.

In an official report, Mr. John Young, manager of the Glasgow Tramways, says the handles of the brakes are examined daily, and no explanation can be given of the strange occurrence.

Clearly the proper course for the motorman to have pursued would have been to apply the power at the moment the handle came off to put the car forward. The other course was to reverse and apply the electric brake.

AN INFANT JOCKEY.

WINS A RACE AND IS SMOTHERED WITH KISSES.

The Shepshead Bay racecourse was on Sept. 10th the scene of an extraordinary demonstration. A jockey named Washington Breassal who is only nine years old, rode Ipse Dixit and came in first at the winning post. Breassal, who weighs only 54 lbs., is the lightest, and probably the youngest jockey in the world. After bringing his horse to the stopping post he was immediately surrounded by hundreds of women, who literally pulled him from the saddle and smothered him with kisses. It was some time before he could be rescued from their embrace, and he then was carried shoulder-high by his admirers past the grand stand where he received an ovation from the crowds.

Local disturbances still take place in Chih caused principally by the mounted brigands from the North and the disbanded soldiers and Boxers. They not only visit the remote districts of the province but actually come right to the gates of Peking and Paoting. Ma Yu Kun's troops are now policing the districts adjacent to Peking, while Yuan Shih Kai is busy with the rioters near Paoting, who have been creating disturbance within 60 li (about 25 miles) of the Provincial capital of Chihli.

POONA RACES.

1ST EXTRA DAY—WEDNESDAY, 8TH OCTOBER, 1902.

Owners are reminded that 1st Entries close at 6 P.M., on Friday, 3rd October.

2nd Entries close at 7 P.M., on Saturday, 4th October.

CECIL GRAY,
Poona, 30th Sept., 1902. Secy., W. I. T. C.

THE TROUBLE IN THE BALKANS.

PRINCE FERDINAND'S PLANS.

The Vienna correspondent of the "Standard" writing on the 11th September, said:—

The whole world, it would seem, has been living under a delusion in regard to the Macedonian Committees. It was believed that, of the two Committees, the one presided over by a henchman of Boris Saravoff, who himself keeps in the background, was the more dangerous; whilst the other, or as it may be called, the official Macedonian Committee, of which Michailovski is the nominal, and the retired Bulgarian General Zontcheff the actual head, could do no harm. More than one Balkan politician shook his head on hearing that a band organised and sent to the Macedonian frontier by the Michailovski-Zontcheff Committee had been caught by Bulgarian troops; and now it appears that General Zontcheff, the Vice-President, has been arrested, together with the half pay Colonel Nicoloff, and that this official Committee is shortly to be dissolved, leaving a free field to Saravoff's men. In the affairs of the Near East, however, facts alone, without commentaries, are rarely intelligible, and a friend of mine in Bulgaria, who writes to me on the subject, may be right when he says:—

"Do not allow yourself to be deceived. We are all laughing about it. The band was, of course, organised by order of the Government in order to be caught at the right moment. Prince Ferdinand had to make certain promises in St. Petersburg, and wishes to prove that he is as good as his word.

"The Shipka festivities are approaching. The Grand Duke Nicholaevitch will shortly be here as the Czar's representative. It is very likely, moreover, that Prince Ferdinand will soon have something of importance to demand from the Sultan and the signatory Powers of the Berlin Treaty. Was it not pleasant to be able to show that Bulgaria is an element of order in the Balkan Peninsula?"

The "element of order," however, is just preparing for a trial mobilisation on a scale unprecedented in the Balkans outside Roumania. The three Infantry Divisions, the whole of the Bulgarian Cavalry, and two-thirds of the Field Artillery, a total of sixty-four thousand, are to take part in the manœuvres near the Shipka Pass, in presence of the Russian visitors. The Eastern Army under General Drandorevski, will take the role played by the Turks in 1877, while the Western Army, under General Nikolaieff, will represent the Russians. Prince Ferdinand himself has sent out a number of invitations, and others were signed by the Bulgarian War Minister in the Prince's name, whilst the Minister of Public Instruction had a list of his own. Among the Russian personages invited are Generals Dragomiroff Kuropatkin, and Count Ignatieff—not the ex-Ambassador, but the Czar's Aide-de-Camp of that name—fifty other Generals, and eight Colonels, Count Lamsdorff, Prince Chilkoff, Prince Galizyn, the Procurator General Pobyedonoseff, M Nelidoff, the Ambassador in Rome, M. Tcharikoff, the Russian Minister in Belgrade, the President of the Slav Benevolent Society, representatives of St. Petersburg, Moscow, Kieff, and Odessa, and a few Russian scientists and artists. Altogether some eight hundred Russians have been invited, of whom about two hundred only are expected to accept the invitation.

The festivities, to which only Russian reporters are to be admitted, will wind up with a Russo-Bulgarian fraternisation banquet, when Prince Ferdinand will deliver a toast that is to astonish the world, or so some of the Bulgarian papers say. The astonishment will probably consist in the speech containing nothing extraordinary. The f

M. A. P. IN THE BOUDOIR.

A PROMS is sacred (writes a Society Butterfly) even when made in an article on dress. And I must redeem mine about the right sort of evening dresses for country wear in September. Even now we are still holiday making, the London season is behind us, and the big country-house parties of November and December are as yet in comparatively distant future. Scotland is the centre of the social universe, as in England partridge-shooting has only just begun, and the parties invited are composed of intimate friends who shoot with the family, and even with the boys home for the holidays.

In Scotland a tea-gown is the one thing needful, and at this season of the year is worn for dinner and not for tea. A smart woman of my acquaintance takes quite a collection about with her, in fact what she calls her "octave" of teagowns. A black and a white one should always find a place in one's wardrobe, and a bright red tea-gown makes its due effect when on the first cold evenings of a Scotch September. Red crepe de Chine forms a splendid tea-gown, and so does a fold of red chiffon; and with either material there can be clever touches of gold or—with the chiffon—a picturesque sash or belt of black velvet. At an exclusive dressmaker's I was introduced to a corn-coloured crepe de Chine tea-gown with trimmings of dull silver. The deep collar, sleeve frillings, and high, wide waistbelt, were in this oxidised silver material and the scheme of colour proved very beautiful, and the costume as attractive as it was expensive.

A Few women, who have not only money but originality, think out a dinner frock that does well to wear in the remote Highlands. This takes the form of a smart gown, with only a slight "decolletage," and either long sleeves to the elbow—in short, the style of costume one uses to dine in restaurants in Paris or at Monte Carlo. One of these that I saw and coveted was in black "point d'esprit" net, with insertions of black Chantilly lace and a waistbelt of deep cerise velvet. It had no neck band, only a turned-down frill of lace, and the sleeves were made long. With it was to be worn one of the new platinum chains, with a single large ruby as a pendant.

Those of us who must be orthodox or die prefer the regulation dinner-gown, only a good dresser is careful that it should suit the occasion. As usual, shabby London finery is contraband, and we must start afresh with another outfit. A black velvet looks suitable for chilly evenings, and proves becoming to both blonde and brunette. Two of our handsomest women—Lady Cynthia Graham and Lady Helen Vincent—are surprisingly faithful to black velvet: indeed, in Lady Cynthia's case, it has become almost a livery, only occasionally exchanged for a chiffon frock in her favourite orange yellow. A grey velvet is another desirable possession, but must be made by a master-hand to escape the fatal fault of dowdiness. A grey velvet that became quite historic was arranged by the late Mrs. Mason for one of her best customers—I think for Lady Helen Vincent. It was simply made, without trimming, but had big sleeves of white muslin, brightened with gleams of gold embroidery, and a rather flat Medici collar of the same material.

The dinner gown of the moment is an airy, fairy thing of net, tulle, chiffon, or mousseline, and for smart house parties a few of these would be required. A sapphire blue tulle, worn by Lady Sarah Wilson, with sapphire ornaments to match, had a success fou last season; and Lady de Trafford looked wondrously well, once in turquoise blue mousseline, with turquoise jewellery, and on another occasion in grey chiffon, brightened with many diamonds. Several of the new white feather boas—of the flat, stole-like order—are going North, to be used as a light wrap for evening wear in a cold dining-room or draughty galleries.

September has arrived, and the waning weeks of a summer that has been far from satisfactory as regards its weather. The football season has commenced, and chief racing fixture was at Derby.

Evelyn Duchess of Wellington has left London for the country. She was daughter of the late Colonel Williams, and is sister to General Owen Williams, of Temple House, near Marlow. Her marriage with the late Duke of Wellington—known to his friends as "Spurgeon"—took place in 1882. The Duchess is a pretty, graceful woman, slender and petite. Music is one of the greatest pleasures of her life, and when in London she goes to many of the best concerts, and is a regular attendant at the Opera. Like many Society women, she is devoted to dogs, and has many valuable specimens. Not long ago, she acquired a charming country home in Hampshire. The house, a very, old one, is said to date from the days of King John. The Duchess of Wellington has the pretty Welsh name of Gwenfra, which is also borne by her niece, the seventeen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hwfa Williams. It is a curious coincidence that the three sisters, Evelyn Duchess of Wellington, Dowager Lady Cowley, and Dowager Lady Williams-Bulkeley are all widows. The three ladies are charming women; Lady Cowley was once a famous horsewoman, and Lady Williams-Bulkeley is one of our keenest and cleverest bridge players.

LORD and Lady Dudley have arrived at Forest Lodge, Blair Atholl. Lady Dudley was Miss Rachel Gurney, daughter of the late Mr. Charles Gurney; her mother who has re-married, is a sister of the well-known artist, Mr. Valentine Prinsep. Lady Dudley is tall and dark, with good, but rather strongly-marked features; she is of a serious, thoughtful nature, and plays the part of model matron to perfection. Her education was exceptionally good, and she possesses an intelligence considerably above the average. She takes much interest in art, literature, and politics, and especially in her husband's political career. Her voice is magnificent and has been perfectly trained; she is fond of music, and being of a philanthropic turn of mind, often sings at clubs and mothers' meetings in the East-end of London. She also draws well, and is clever as a designer; she has invented some pretty patterns in artistic jewellery, and recently designed a Peace medal, the profits from the sale of which are to be given in aid of the Women's Employment Bureau, an institution that Lady Dudley has always been interested in and befriended. She is also said to be an excellent woman of business, and by her masterly methods to have done much to improve the Dudley estates. Lady Dudley dresses well, and in the evening generally appears in beautiful white gowns which form a perfect background to her rubies said to be some of the finest in London. Her ruby and diamond tiara is a very beautiful one. The young Countess is fond of golf, and rides and hunts remarkably well.

ADELINE Duchess of Bedford was the fairy godmother of Lady Dudley's girlish days. She formally adopted Miss Rachel Gurney, and educatdeared for her as if she had been her own daughter. At the time of the young lady's debut, she provided pretty frocks and pleasant introductions; and when Lora Dudley as the fairy prince of romance, the kindly Duchess ordered a splendid trousseau, presented the usual pearls, and gave the conventional wedding breakfast. Needless to say, she trained her protegee to take hammer-cloth, and has an interest of its own as having been the State carriage of that imposing couple the late Duke and Duchess of Cleveland. Raby Castle, is a stately place, one of the few remaining great castles of the North of England. In old days the same free guest night once every week was observed as at Wentworth in the time of the late Lord Fitzwilliam. A unique feature is the big hall, into which carriages are driven to set down visitors to the Castle. The huge vaulted kitchen, with its gigantic oven, occupies a spare tower to itself. The gardens, with their yew hedges, are of great beauty; and the famous Raby fig-tree—now more than a hundred years old—is still abundantly fruitful.

Isabella Lady Wilton has gone to Aix-les-Bains. This lady has for many a long year been one of our recognised hostesses, giving many smart dinners and an occasional concert at her house in Upper Grosvenor Street. She was only child of Major Elton Smith, of the Madras army, and married the second Lord Wilton—known to his generation as the Wicked Earl—1863. He was rich and powerful, and had a fine house in Grosvenor Square, where he and his wife entertained Royalty and the smart world of London. Since her widowhood she has continued the tradition of hospitality, and is said to be conscious of a special mission to entertain ambassadors. She keeps to the now obsolete fashion of garnishing her conversation with French words and phrases. Isabella Lady Wilton has a wealth of wavy hair and a luxuriant fringe. She dresses herself in rich garments, and has been heard to declare that crimson velvet suits the rank of a British peeress. In her earlier days she followed the hounds with success, and was known to her friends as the jumper. This trip to Aix is—literally—a new departure, as for many years past Lady Wilton has been an annual visitor to Folkestone.

The American naval and military manœuvres have shown that there are many weak spots on the Atlantic coast hitherto unsuspected by the Washington authorities. The warships were unable to penetrate the defences of New York City, but they bombarded Boston with ease, and held almost the whole of the New England sea-board at their mercy.

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THE MORAL.

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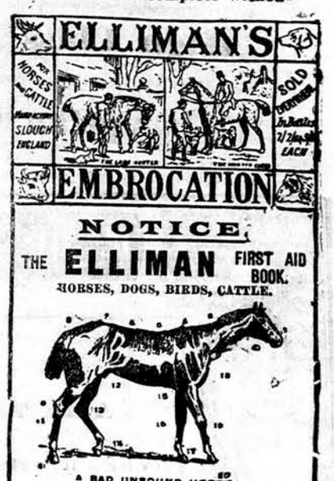

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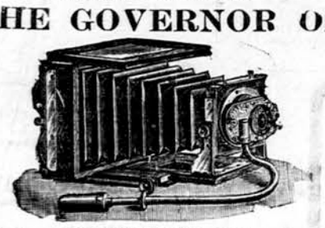

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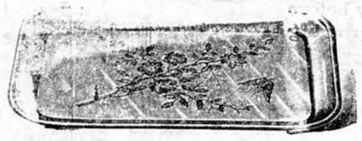
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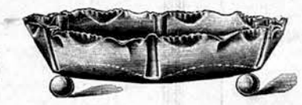
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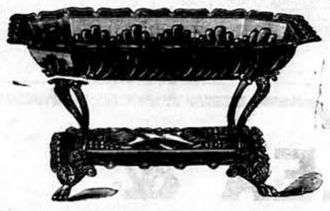
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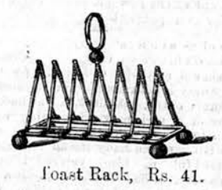
Preserved Stand and Spoon Rs. 14.

Pepper, Rs. 3.


Toast Rack, Rs. 41.

11 inch Entree Dish, Rs. 33.

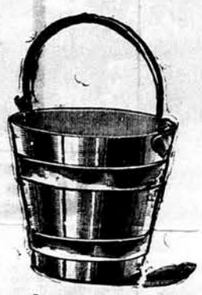
Round Vegetable Dish and Cover, Rs. 32.

11 inch Entree Dish Rs. 40.

Biscuit, Butter and Cheese Tray, Rs. 28.

Salt Cellar, Rs. 4.

Pickle Frame. Rs. 16.


Ice Pail, Rs. 16.

½ Pint, Rs. 20
¾ " " 24
1 " " 29
1¼ " " 38

½ Pint, Rs. 14
¾ " " 18
1 " " 21
1¼ " " 29

Pepper, Rs. 2-8.

Ice Pail, Rs 10.

Spirit Bottle, Rs. 5-8.

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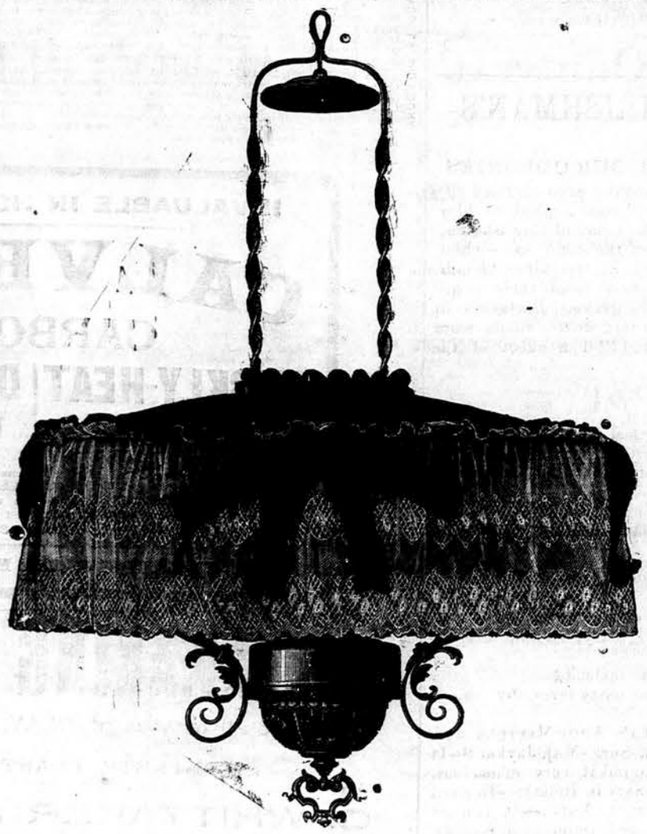

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